UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

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Check the a	ppropriate box:			
	Preliminary Proxy Statement			
	Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))			
\boxtimes	Definitive Proxy Statement			
	Definitive Additional Materials			
	Soliciting Material under § 240.14a-12			
	GENERATION ASIA I ACQUISITION LIMITED (Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter) (Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)			
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GENERATION ASIA I ACQUISITION LIMITED

A Cayman Islands Exempted Company Boundary Hall, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman, KY1-1102, Cayman Islands

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING To Be Held at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Time, on April 16, 2024

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GENERATION ASIA I ACQUISITION LIMITED:

You are cordially invited to attend the extraordinary general meeting of Generation Asia I Acquisition Limited, a Cayman Islands exempted company ("we," "us," "our" or the "Company"), which will be held on April 16, 2024 at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Time, at Level 19, Tower 2, 1 Raffles Place, Singapore and virtually, at https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024, or at such other time, on such other date and at such other place to which the meeting may be adjourned (the "Shareholder Meeting"). You can participate in the meeting and vote via live webcast by attending the meeting in person or visiting https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024.

The attached notice of the Shareholder Meeting and proxy statement describe the business the Company will conduct at the Shareholder Meeting and provide information about the Company that you should consider when you vote your shares. As more fully described in the attached proxy statement, which is dated March 29, 2024, and is first being mailed to shareholders on or about that date, the Shareholder Meeting will be held for the purpose of considering and voting on the following proposals:

1. Proposal No. 1—The Extension Amendment Proposal—To amend, by way of special resolution, the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (the "Articles"), as provided by the first special resolution in the form set forth in Annex A to the accompanying proxy statement (the "Extension Amendment" and such proposal, the "Extension Amendment Proposal"), (a) to extend the date by which the Company must consummate an initial business combination (a "Business Combination") from July 23, 2024 (the "Current Deadline Date") up to July 23, 2025 (the "Extended Deadline Date"), (b) to reduce the amount of monthly extension payments which the Company's sponsor, Generation Asia LLC, a Cayman Islands limited liability company (the "Sponsor"), or its affiliates or designees, must deposit into the trust account of the Company established at the consummation of the Company's initial public offering (the "Trust Account") of the Company from the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share (as defined below) multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time for each one-month extension of the date by which the Company has to consummate a Business Combination, to an amount equal to \$35,000 for each one-month extension of the date by which the Company has to consummate a Business Combination (each such monthly extended date, an "Articles Extension Date," and the period from the consummation of the Company's initial public offering (the "IPO") until such Articles Extension Date, the "Combination Period"), which date may be extended by the Company pursuant to Article 49.7 of the Company's Articles up to twelve (12) times for an additional one month each time from the Current Deadline Date until the Extended Deadline Date (which is a period of time ending 42 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), unless the closing of a Business Combination shall have occurred prior thereto; provided that any such reduction of the monthly payments for each one month extension of the Compan

2. Proposal No. 2—The Trust Amendment Proposal—To amend, by way of special resolution, the Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of January 19, 2022 (as amended, amended or restated or otherwise modified from time to time, including by that certain Amendment to Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of July 14, 2023 and that certain Amendment No. 2 to Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of January 18, 2024, collectively, the "Trust Agreement"), by and between the Company and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as trustee ("Continental" or the "Trustee"), in the form set forth in Annex B to the accompanying proxy statement, by the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of the votes cast by the holders of the then outstanding Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 ("Class A Ordinary Shares") and Class B Ordinary Shares (together with the Class A Ordinary Shares, the "Ordinary Shares"), voting together as a single class, to, among other things, change the Current Deadline Date to the Articles Extension Date or the Extended Deadline Date, as the case may be, and amend other provisions of the Trust Agreement related thereto (the "Trust Amendment" and such proposal, the "Trust Amendment Proposal"); and

3. Proposal No.3—The Adjournment Proposal—To adjourn, by way of ordinary resolution, the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates, if necessary, (i) to permit further solicitation and vote of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares in the capital of the Company represented (either in person or by proxy) to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, or (ii) if the holders of Public Shares have elected to redeem an amount of shares in connection with the Extension Amendment such that the Company would not adhere to the continued listing requirements of The Nasdaq Global Market ("Nasdaq" and such proposal, the "Adjournment Proposal").

Each of the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal is more fully described in the accompanying proxy statement. Please take the time to read carefully each of the proposals in the accompanying proxy statement before you vote.

If the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment becomes effective, in the event that the Company has not consummated a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date, the Company may extend the Combination Period until the Extended Deadline Date, each such extension by one additional month at a time, up to twelve (12) times in total from the Current Deadline Date (which is a period of time ending 42 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), provided that the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, deposit into the Trust Account an amount equal to \$35,000 for each one-month extension on or prior to the applicable Articles Extension Date. In the event that the Board determines not to proceed with any extension prior to any next Articles Extension Date, which it may do in its sole discretion, the Board shall cause the Company to be liquidated and the Company shall take all actions necessary to liquidate the Company and prior to such liquidation each of the shares of the Class A Ordinary Shares issued as part of the units ("Units") sold in the IPO (the "Public Shares") shall be redeemed in accordance with the Articles.

The purpose of the Extension Amendment is to provide the Company with sufficient time to complete a Business Combination and to reduce the amount of funds to be deposited in the Trust Account to secure the extension of the Combination Period to the Extended Deadline Date. You are not being asked to vote on a Business Combination at this time.

The Articles currently provide that the Company has until the Current Deadline Date to complete a Business Combination. The Combination Period may be extended by the Company either (i) pursuant to Article 49.7 of the Company's Articles up to twelve (12) times for an additional one month each time from July 23, 2023 until the Extended Deadline Date (which is a period of time ending 30 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), or (ii) if the Company enters into a definitive agreement regarding the Company's initial Business Combination within 18 months from the consummation of the IPO, pursuant to Article 49.9 of the Company's Articles up to nine (9) times for an additional one month each time from October 23, 2023 until the Current Deadline Date (which is a period of time ending 30 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), in each case, unless the closing of a Business Combination shall have occurred prior thereto, and subject to the Sponsor or its affiliates or designees depositing into the Trust Account the amount of the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time for each one-month extension, on or prior to the applicable Articles Extension Date. The Board has determined that in the current market conditions it is in the best interests of the Company to seek the approval of the Company's shareholders of the Extension Amendment Proposal to provide the Company with sufficient time to complete a Business Combination and to reduce the amount of funds to be deposited in the Trust Account to secure the extension of the Combination Period beyond the Current Deadline Date. If that were to occur, the Company would be precluded from completing a Business Combination and would be forced to redeem the Public Shares and voluntarily liquidate.

We will not proceed with the Extension Amendment if the Company will not have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets upon its implementation of the Extension Amendment, after taking into account redemptions of our Public Shares. If there are significant requests for redemption such that the Company's net tangible assets would be less than \$5,000,001 upon the consummation of the Business Combination, the Articles would prevent the Company from being able to consummate the Business Combination even if all other conditions to closing are met.

The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal is conditioned on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, and unless the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved at the Shareholder Meeting, the Trust Amendment will not be implemented.

The purpose of the Trust Amendment Proposal is to, among other things, change the Current Deadline Date to the Articles Extension Date or the Extended Deadline Date, as the case may be, and amend other provisions of the Trust Agreement related thereto. The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal requires the affirmative vote of at least 65% of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class and is being passed as a special resolution requiring two thirds of the total votes of the holders of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class.

As contemplated by the Articles, the holders of the Public Shares may elect to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares in exchange for their pro rata portion of the funds held in the Trust Account established to hold a portion of the proceeds of the IPO and the concurrent sale of the private placement warrants (the "Private Placement Warrants"), if the Extension Amendment is implemented (the "Redemption"), regardless of how such public shareholders vote in regard to the Extension Amendment Proposal. If the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved by the requisite vote of shareholders, the holders of Public Shares remaining after the Redemption will retain their right to redeem their Public Shares for their pro rata portion of the funds available in the Trust Account upon consummation of a Business Combination or, if the Company does not complete a Business Combination, by the Current Deadline Date or the relevant Articles Extension Date, as the case may be.

After consultation with the Sponsor, the Company's management has reasons to believe that, if the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment is implemented, the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, will contribute \$35,000 to the Company for each one-month extension as a non-interest bearing loan (each loan being referred to herein as a "Contribution," and the Sponsor, its affiliate or designee making such Contribution, a "Contributor") for the Company to deposit the funds into the Trust Account, and to extend the Combination Period for an additional one month period each time until the applicable Articles Extension Date, but in no event longer than the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be deposited in the Trust Account on or before the beginning of the additional extension period, with respect to the extension of the Combination Period to each Articles Extension Date. Prior to the date of this proxy statement, the Company has already deposited the aggregate of \$1,125,000 into the Trust Account to extend the Combination Period until April 23, 2024, and the remaining balance of all Contributions following the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal will be \$450,000 if the Combination Period is extended until the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be evidenced by a noninterest bearing, unsecured promissory note to the Contributor, will bear no interest and will be repayable by the Company to the Contributor upon the consummation of a Business Combination. The loans will be forgiven if the Company is unable to consummate a Business Combination within the Combination Period except to the extent of any funds held outside of the Trust Account. If the Company has consummated a Business Combination or announced its intention to wind up prior to the date by which any Contribution must be deposited into the Trust Account, any obligation to make Contributions will terminate. The Contributions are conditioned upon the implementation of the Extension Amendment Proposal. The Contributions will not occur if Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved, or the Extension Amendment is not implemented (although the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, may choose to make payments to extend in accordance with the current provisions in the Company's existing Articles). The Board (or its designees) will have the sole discretion whether to continue extending for additional calendar months until the Extended Deadline Date and if the Board determines not to continue extending for additional calendar months, the Sponsor's obligation to make Contributions will terminate.

On March 25, 2024, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of the accompanying proxy statement, the Redemption price per share was approximately \$11.20, based on the aggregate amount on deposit in the Trust Account of approximately \$86,243,906.76 as of March 25, 2024 (including interest not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes), divided by the total number of then outstanding Public Shares. The redemption price per share will be calculated based on the aggregate amount on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, as of two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting. The closing price of the Class A Ordinary Shares on the NYSE on March 26, 2024 was \$11.02. Accordingly, if the market price of the Class A Ordinary Shares were to remain the same until the date of the Shareholder Meeting, exercising redemption rights would result in a public shareholder receiving approximately \$0.18 more per share than if the shares were sold in the open market (based on the per share redemption price as of March 25, 2024). The Company cannot assure shareholders that they will be able to sell their Class A Ordinary Shares in the open market, even if the market price per share is lower than the redemption price stated above, as there may not be sufficient liquidity in its securities when such shareholders wish to sell their shares. The Company believes that such redemption right enables its public shareholders to determine whether to sustain their investments for an additional period if the Company does not complete a Business Combination on or before the end date of the Combination Period.

If the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal are not approved, the Company will have until the Current Deadline Date to complete a Business Combination subject to monthly extensions, and the amount to be deposited into the Trust Account by the Sponsor or its Affiliates or its designees for each one-month extension will remain equal to the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time, in exchange for a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note, for each additional month on or prior to the Current Deadline Date. If a Business Combination is not completed on or before the Current Deadline Date, the Company will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company (less taxes payable and up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then-outstanding Public Shares in issue, which redemption will completely extinguish public shareholders' rights as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any); and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining shareholders and the Board, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case of clauses (ii) and (iii) to the Company's obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and to requirements of other applicable law. There will be no distribution from the Trust Account with respect to the Company's warrants, which will expire worthless in the event the Company dissolves and liquidates the Trust Account.

Subject to the foregoing, the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal requires a special resolution under the Articles, being the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of the votes cast by the holders of Ordinary Shares, voting as a single class, who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting.

The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal requires the affirmative vote of at least 65% of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class and is being passed as a special resolution requiring two thirds of the total votes of the holders of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class.

As of the date of this proxy statement, our Class A Ordinary Shares, Units and warrants to purchase Class A Ordinary Shares issued in connection with the IPO are listed on NYSE under the symbols "GAQ," "GAQ.U" and "GAQWS", respectively. On March 28, 2024, the Company filed Form 25 with the SEC informing the SEC and the NYSE of the delisting of the Company's securities from the NYSE, which form becomes effective within 10 days of filing. Concurrently, the Company filed new Form 8-A with the SEC with respect to its Class A Ordinary Shares which have been approved for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market ("Nasdaq") with the first trading day on April 8, 2024. The Units and warrants to purchase Class A Ordinary Shares will continue trading over-the-counter.

The approval of the Adjournment Proposal requires an ordinary resolution under Cayman Islands law, being the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the votes cast by the holders of the issued Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting as a single class, who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting. The Adjournment Proposal will only be put forth for a vote if there are not sufficient votes to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal at the Shareholder Meeting or if, due to redemptions in connection with the Extension Amendment, the Company would not adhere to the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq.

The Board has fixed the close of business on March 25, 2024 as the date for determining the Company's shareholders entitled to receive notice of and vote at the Shareholder Meeting and any adjournment thereof (the "Record Date"). Only holders of record of Ordinary Shares on the Record Date are entitled to have their votes counted at the Shareholder Meeting or any adjournment thereof.

The Board believes that it is in the best interests of the Company that the Company obtain shareholder approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal. After careful consideration of all relevant factors, the Board has determined that the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders, has declared it advisable and recommends that you vote or give instruction to vote "FOR" the Extension Amendment Proposal, "FOR" the Trust Amendment Proposal and "FOR" the Adjournment Proposal.

Your vote is very important. Whether or not you plan to attend the Shareholder Meeting, please vote as soon as possible by following the instructions in the accompanying proxy statement to make sure that your shares are represented and voted at the Shareholder Meeting. If you hold your shares in "street name" through a bank, broker or other nominee, you will need to follow the instructions provided to you by your bank, broker or other nominee to ensure that your shares are represented and voted at the Shareholder Meeting. The approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal requires a special resolution under the Articles, being the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of the votes cast by the holders of Ordinary Shares, voting as a single class, who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting. The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal requires under the Trust Agreement, the affirmative vote of at least 65% of the votes cast of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class and is being passed as a special resolution requiring two thirds of the total votes of the holders of the ten outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class. The approval of the Adjournment Proposal requires an ordinary resolution under Cayman Islands law, being the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the votes cast by the holders of the issued Ordinary Shares who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting. Accordingly, if you fail to vote in person or by proxy at the Shareholder Meeting, your shares will not be counted for the purposes of determining whether the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal are approved by the requisite majorities.

If you sign, date and return your proxy card without indicating how you wish to vote, your proxy will be voted FOR each of the proposals presented at the Shareholder Meeting. If you fail to return your proxy card or fail to instruct your bank, broker or other nominee how to vote, and do not attend the Shareholder Meeting in person, the effect will be that your shares will not be counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the Shareholder Meeting but will otherwise not have any effect on whether the proposals are approved. If you are a shareholder of record and you attend the Shareholder Meeting and wish to vote in person, you may withdraw your proxy and vote in person.

TO EXERCISE YOUR REDEMPTION RIGHTS, YOU MUST DEMAND IN WRITING THAT YOUR CLASS A ORDINARY SHARES ARE REDEEMED FOR A PRO RATA PORTION OF THE FUNDS HELD IN THE TRUST ACCOUNT AND TENDER YOUR SHARES TO THE COMPANY'S TRANSFER AGENT AT LEAST TWO BUSINESS DAYS PRIOR TO THE INITIALLY

SCHEDULED DATE OF THE SHAREHOLDER MEETING. IN ORDER TO EXERCISE YOUR REDEMPTION RIGHT, YOU NEED TO IDENTIFY YOURSELF AS A BENEFICIAL HOLDER AND PROVIDE YOUR LEGAL NAME, PHONE NUMBER AND ADDRESS IN YOUR WRITTEN DEMAND. YOU MAY TENDER YOUR SHARES BY EITHER TENDERING OR DELIVERING YOUR SHARE CERTIFICATES (IF ANY) AND OTHER REDEMPTION FORMS TO THE TRANSFER AGENT OR BY TENDERING OR DELIVERING YOUR SHARE CERTIFICATES (IF ANY) AND OTHER REDEMPTION FORMS ELECTRONICALLY USING THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY'S DWAC (DEPOSIT WITHDRAWAL AT CUSTODIAN) SYSTEM. IF YOU HOLD THE SHARES IN STREET NAME, YOU WILL NEED TO INSTRUCT THE ACCOUNT EXECUTIVE AT YOUR BANK OR BROKER TO WITHDRAW THE SHARES FROM YOUR ACCOUNT IN ORDER TO EXERCISE YOUR REDEMPTION RIGHTS.

THE APPROVAL OF THE TRUST AMENDMENT PROPOSAL IS CONDITIONED ON THE APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION AMENDMENT PROPOSAL, AND UNLESS THE EXTENSION AMENDMENT PROPOSAL IS APPROVED AT THE SHAREHOLDER MEETING, THE TRUST AMENDMENT WILL NOT BE IMPLEMENTED.

Enclosed is the proxy statement containing detailed information about the Shareholder Meeting, the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal. Whether or not you plan to attend the Shareholder Meeting, the Company urges you to read this material carefully and vote your shares.

By Order of the Board of Directors of Generation Asia I Acquisition Limited.

Roy Kuan Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements	iii
Risk Factors	1
Questions and Answers About the Shareholder Meeting	9
Extraordinary General Meeting	21
Proposal No. 1—The Extension Amendment Proposal	27
Proposal No. 2—The Trust Amendment Proposal	33
Proposal No. 3—The Adjournment Proposal	36
Business of the Company and Certain Information About the Company	42
Beneficial Ownership of Securities	43
Future Shareholder Proposals	44
Householding Information	45
Where You Can Find More Information	46
Annex A – Proposed Amendment to the Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association	A- 1
Annex B – Form of Amendment No. 3 to Investment Management Trust Agreement	B- 1

GENERATION ASIA I ACQUISITION LIMITED

A Cayman Islands Exempted Company Boundary Hall, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman, KY1-1102, Cayman Islands

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF GENERATION ASIA I ACQUISITION LIMITED

To Be Held at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Time, on April 16, 2024

This proxy statement and the enclosed form of proxy are furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by our board of directors (the "Board") for use at the extraordinary general meeting of Generation Asia I Acquisition Limited, a Cayman Islands exempted company (the "Company," "we," "us" or "our"), which will be held on April 16, 2024 at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Time, at Level 19, Tower 2, 1 Raffles Place, Singapore and virtually, at https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024, or at such other time, on such other date and at such other place to which the meeting may be adjourned (the "Shareholder Meeting").

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT. It is important that your shares be represented at the Shareholder Meeting, regardless of the number of shares that you hold. You are, therefore, urged to execute and return, at your earliest convenience, the enclosed proxy card in the envelope that has also been provided.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements contained in this proxy statement are forward-looking in nature. Our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our or our management team's expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future. In addition, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "possible," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "would" and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. Such forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance, but reflect management's current beliefs, based on information currently available.

The following factors, among others, could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth or contemplated in the forward-looking statements:

- •the Company's ability to complete a Business Combination (as defined below);
- •the anticipated benefits of a Business Combination;
- •the volatility of the market price and liquidity of the Class A Ordinary Shares (as defined below) and other securities of the Company; and
- •the use of funds not held in the Trust Account (as defined below) or available to the Company from interest income on the Trust Account balance.

The forward-looking statements contained in this proxy statement are based on our current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on us. There can be no assurance that future developments affecting us will be those that we have anticipated. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties (some of which are beyond our control) or other assumptions that may cause actual results or performance to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of our assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

For a further discussion of these and other factors that could cause the Company's future results, performance or transactions to differ significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statement, please see the section below entitled "Risk Factors" and in other reports the Company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including the final prospectus related to the Company's initial public offering ("IPO") filed with the SEC on January 20, 2022 (File No. 333-260431) and the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the SEC on March 24, 2023. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which are based only on information currently available to the Company.

RISK FACTORS

You should consider carefully all of the risks described in our (i) IPO prospectus filed with the SEC on January 20, 2022, (ii) Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, as filed with the SEC on March 24, 2023 and (iii) other reports we file with the SEC, before making a decision to invest in our securities. Furthermore, if any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and operating results may be materially adversely affected or we could face liquidation. In that event, the trading price of our securities could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment. The risks and uncertainties described in the aforementioned filings and below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that we are unaware of, or that we currently believe are not material, may also become important factors that adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results or result in our liquidation.

There are no assurances that the Extension Amendment will enable us to complete a Business Combination.

Approving the Extension Amendment (as defined below) involves a number of risks. Even if the Extension Amendment is approved, the Company can provide no assurances that a Business Combination will be consummated prior to the Current Deadline Date (as defined below) or the relevant Articles Extension Date (as defined below), if applicable. Our ability to consummate any Business Combination is dependent on a variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control. If the Extension Amendment is approved, the Company expects to seek shareholder approval of a Business Combination. We are required to offer shareholders the opportunity to redeem shares in connection with the Extension Amendment, and we will be required to offer shareholders redemption rights again in connection with any shareholder vote to approve a Business Combination. Even if the Extension Amendment or a Business Combination are approved by our shareholders, it is possible that redemptions will leave us with insufficient cash to consummate a Business Combination on commercially acceptable terms, or at all. The fact that we will have separate redemption periods in connection with the Extension Amendment and a Business Combination vote could exacerbate these risks. Other than in connection with a redemption offer or liquidation, our shareholders may be unable to recover their investment except through sales of our shares on the open market. The price of our shares may be volatile, and there can be no assurance that shareholders will be able to dispose of our shares at favorable prices, or at all.

In the event the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and effected, the ability of our public shareholders to exercise redemption rights with respect to a large number of our Public Shares may adversely affect the liquidity of our securities.

A public shareholder may request that the Company redeem all or a portion of such public shareholder's Ordinary Shares for cash. The ability of our public shareholders to exercise such redemption rights with respect to a large number of our Public Shares (as defined below) may adversely affect the liquidity of our Class A Ordinary Shares. As a result, you may be unable to sell your Class A Ordinary Shares even if the market price per share is higher than the per-share redemption price paid to public shareholders who elect to redeem their shares.

If our initial Business Combination involves a company organized in the United States, it is possible a 1% U.S. federal excise tax will be imposed on us in connection with redemptions of our stock after or in connection with such initial Business Combination.

The Inflation Reduction Act of 2022, enacted in August 2022, imposes a new U.S. federal 1% excise tax on certain repurchases (including redemptions) of stock by "covered corporations" occurring after December 31, 2022, with certain exceptions. This excise tax is imposed on the repurchasing corporation itself, not its shareholders from which shares are repurchased. The amount of the excise tax is generally 1% of the fair market value of the shares repurchased at the time of the repurchase. However, for purposes of calculating the excise tax, repurchasing corporations are permitted to net the fair market value of certain new stock issuances against the fair market value of stock repurchases during the same taxable year. In addition, certain other exceptions apply to the excise tax. On December 27, 2022, the U.S. Department of the Treasury (the "Treasury") issued a notice that it intends to publish proposed regulations addressing the application of the excise tax (the "Notice"). To provide taxpayers with interim guidance, the Notice describes certain rules upon which taxpayers are generally entitled to rely until publication of the proposed regulations, which the Treasury has stated it anticipates will be consistent with the guidance provided in the Notice.

As an entity incorporated as a Cayman Islands exempted company with no subsidiaries or previous merger or acquisition activity, the 1% excise tax is not expected to apply to redemptions of our Class A Ordinary Shares (absent any regulations and other additional guidance that may be issued in the future with retroactive effect).

However, any redemption or other repurchase in connection with a Business Combination that involves our combination with a U.S. entity and/or our re-domestication as a U.S. corporation may be subject to the excise tax. In the event of such a combination with a U.S. entity or re-domestication as a U.S. corporation, whether and to what extent we would be subject to the excise tax would depend on a number of factors, including (i) the fair market value of the redemptions and repurchases in connection with any such Business Combination, (ii) the amount of any stock issued in connection with the Business Combination, (iii) the status of the target (for example, whether the target is a domestic corporation) and the structure of any such Business Combination, (iv) the nature and amount of any "PIPE" or other equity issuances in connection with any such Business Combination (or otherwise issued not in connection with such Business Combination but issued within the same taxable year of the Business Combination) and (v) the content of regulations and other guidance from the Treasury. In addition, because the excise tax would be payable by us, and not by the redeeming holder, the mechanics of any required payment of the excise tax have not been determined. The foregoing could cause a reduction in our ability to complete a Business Combination or the cash available on hand to complete a Business Combination.

Changes in laws or regulations or how such laws or regulations are interpreted or applied, or a failure to comply with any laws or regulations, may adversely affect our business, including our ability to negotiate and complete our initial Business Combination, and results of operations.

We are and will be subject to laws and regulations enacted by national, regional and local governments and, potentially, foreign jurisdictions. In particular, we will be required to comply with certain SEC and other legal requirements, our Business Combination may be contingent on our ability to comply with certain laws and regulations and any post-Business Combination company may be subject to additional laws and regulations. Compliance with, and monitoring of, applicable laws and regulations may be difficult, time consuming and costly. Those laws and regulations and their interpretation and application may also change from time to time, including as a result of changes in economic, political, social and government policies, and those changes could have a material adverse effect on our business, including our ability to negotiate and complete our initial Business Combination, and results of operations.

In addition, a failure to comply with applicable laws or regulations, as interpreted and applied, could have a material adverse effect on our business, including our ability to negotiate and complete our initial Business Combination, and results of operations.

On March 30, 2022, the SEC issued the SPAC Proposed Rules (as defined below) described below relating to, among other items, enhancing disclosures in business combination transactions involving SPACs (as defined below) and private operating companies; amending the financial statement requirements applicable to transactions involving shell companies; effectively limiting the use of projections in SEC filings in connection with proposed business combination transactions; increasing the potential liability of certain participants in proposed business combination transactions; and the extent to which SPACs could become subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act (as defined below). These rules, if adopted, whether in the form proposed or in revised form, may materially adversely affect our ability to negotiate and complete our initial Business Combination, as well as the costs and time associated with completing an initial Business Combination, which could materially impair our ability to complete an initial Business Combination.

The SEC has recently adopted new rules to regulate special purpose acquisition companies. Certain of the procedures that we, a potential business combination target, or others may determine to undertake in connection with such rules may increase the Company's costs and the time needed to complete the Company's initial business combination and may constrain the circumstances under which the Company could complete a business combination.

On January 24, 2024, the SEC adopted new rules and regulations for SPACs (the "2024 SPAC Rules"), which will become effective on July 1, 2024, that will affect the Company and its initial business combination. The 2024 SPAC Rules, relating to disclosures in business combination transactions between special purpose acquisition companies ("SPACs") such as the Company and private operating companies; the condensed financial statement requirements applicable to transactions involving shell companies; the use of projections by SPACs in SEC filings in connection with proposed business combination transactions; the potential liability of certain participants in proposed business combination transactions; and the extent to which SPACs could become subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"), as amended. Certain of the procedures that the Company, a potential business combination target, or others may determine to undertake in connection with the 2024 SPAC Rules, or pursuant to the SEC's views expressed in the 2024 SPAC Rules, may increase the costs and the time required to consummate a business combination, and may constrain the circumstances under which the Company could complete a business combination.

Changes in laws or regulations or how such laws or regulations are interpreted or applied, or a failure to comply with any laws or regulations, may adversely affect our business, including our ability to negotiate and complete our initial Business Combination, and results of operations.

We are and will be subject to laws and regulations enacted by national, regional and local governments and, potentially, foreign jurisdictions. In particular, we will be required to comply with certain SEC and other legal requirements, our Business Combination may be contingent on our ability to comply with certain laws and regulations and any post-Business Combination company may be subject to additional laws and regulations. Compliance with, and monitoring of, applicable laws and regulations may be difficult, time consuming and costly. Those laws and regulations and their interpretation and application may also change from time to time, including as a result of changes in economic, political, social and government policies, and those changes could have a material adverse effect on our business, including our ability to negotiate and complete our initial Business Combination, and results of operations.

In addition, a failure to comply with applicable laws or regulations, as interpreted and applied, could have a material adverse effect on our business, including our ability to negotiate and complete our initial Business Combination, and results of operations.

On January 24, 2024, the SEC adopted the 2024 SPAC Rules, which will become effective on July 1, 2024, that will affect the Company and its initial business combination. The 2024 SPAC Rules require, among other matters, (i) additional disclosures relating to a business combination; (ii) additional disclosures relating to dilution and to conflicts of interest involving sponsors and their affiliates in both SPACs' initial public offerings and business combination transactions; (iii) additional disclosures regarding projections included in SEC filings in connection with the proposed business combination; and (iv) the requirement that both the SPAC and its target company be co-registrants for Business Combination registration statements. In addition, the SEC's adopting release provided guidance describing circumstances in which a SPAC could become subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act, including its duration, asset composition, business purpose, and the activities of the SPAC and its management team in furtherance of such goals. Compliance with the 2024 SPAC Rules and related guidance may (i) increase the costs of and the time needed to negotiate and complete an initial business combination and (ii) constrain the circumstances under which we could affect our ability to complete an initial business combination.

If we are deemed to be an investment company under the Investment Company Act, we may be required to institute burdensome compliance requirements and our activities may be restricted, which may make it difficult for us to complete the Business Combination.

The SEC's adopting release with respect to the 2024 SPAC Rules provided guidance relating to the potential status of SPACs as investment companies subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act and the regulations thereunder. Whether a SPAC is an investment company is dependent on specific facts and circumstances and we can give no assurance that a claim will not be made that we have been operating as an unregistered investment company.

If we are deemed to be an investment company under the Investment Company Act, our activities may be restricted, including:

- •restrictions on the nature of our investments; and
- •restrictions on the issuance of securities,

each of which may make it difficult for us to complete the Business Combination.

In addition, we may have imposed upon us burdensome requirements, including:

- •registration as an investment company with the SEC;
- •adoption of a specific form of corporate structure; and
- •reporting, record keeping, voting, proxy and disclosure requirements and other rules and regulations to which we are not currently subject.

In order not to be regulated as an investment company under the Investment Company Act, unless we can qualify for another exclusion, we must ensure that we are engaged primarily in a business other than investing, reinvesting or trading of securities and that our activities do not include investing, reinvesting, owning, holding or trading "investment securities" constituting more than 40% of our assets (exclusive of U.S. government securities and cash items) on an unconsolidated basis. Our business will be to identify and complete a Business Combination and thereafter to operate the post-transaction business or assets for the long term. We do not plan to buy businesses or assets with a view to resale or profit from their resale. We do not plan to buy unrelated businesses or assets or to be a passive investor.

As indicated above, we completed our IPO in January 2022 and have operated as a blank check company searching for a target business with which to consummate an initial Business Combination since such time (or approximately 24 months after the effective date of our IPO, as of the date of this proxy). There is currently uncertainty concerning the applicability of the Investment Company Act to a SPAC. It is possible that a claim could be made that we have been operating as an unregistered investment company, including under the subjective test of Section 3(a)(1)(A) of the Investment Company Act, based on the current views of the SEC. If we were deemed to be an investment company for purposes of the Investment Company Act, we might be forced to abandon our efforts to complete an initial Business Combination and instead be required to liquidate the Company. If we are required to liquidate the Company, our investors would not be able to realize the benefits of owning shares in a successor operating business, including the potential appreciation in the value of our shares and warrants following such a transaction, and our warrants would expire worthless.

To mitigate the risk that we might be deemed to be an investment company for purposes of the Investment Company Act, we instructed Continental prior to the 24-month anniversary of the effective date of the registration statement relating to our IPO, to liquidate the securities held in the Trust Account and instead hold all funds in the Trust Account in cash items until the earlier of the consummation of our initial Business Combination or our liquidation.

The funds in the Trust Account have, since our IPO, been held only in U.S. government treasury obligations with a maturity of 185 days or less or in money market funds investing solely in U.S. government treasury obligations and meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act. However, to mitigate the risk of us being deemed to have been operating as an unregistered investment company under the Investment Company Act, in January 2024 prior to the 24-month anniversary of the effective date of the registration statement relating to our IPO, we instructed Continental as the trustee managing the Trust Account, to liquidate the U.S. government treasury obligations or money market funds held in the Trust Account and thereafter to maintain the funds in the Trust Account in cash in an interest-bearing demand deposit account at a bank until the earlier of the consummation of our initial Business Combination or the liquidation of our Company. On January 18, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment No. 2 to the Trust Agreement to provide that Continental may maintain the funds in the Trust Account in an interest-bearing bank demand deposit account, and we sent an Investment Instruction Letter to Continental, pursuant to which we instructed Continental to move the funds in the Trust Account to such a demand deposit account. We have been informed by Continental that the interest on such deposit account is currently approximately between 4.5% and 5.25% per annum, but such deposit account carries a variable rate and we cannot assure you that such rate will not decrease or increase significantly. However, interest previously earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and thereafter to hold all funds in the Trust Account in cash would reduce the dollar amount our public shareholders would receive upon any redemption or liquidation of the Company.

We did not complete our Business Combination within 24 months of the effective date of our registration statement relating to the IPO. As a result, it is possible that a claim could be made that we have been operating as an unregistered investment company. If we were deemed to be an investment company for purposes of the Investment Company Act, we might be forced to abandon our efforts to complete an initial business combination and instead be required to liquidate. If we are required to liquidate, our investors would not be able to realize the benefits of owning stock in a successor operating business, including the potential appreciation in the value of our stock and warrants following such a transaction, and our warrants would expire worthless.

We may not be able to complete an initial Business Combination with a U.S. target company if such initial Business Combination is subject to U.S. foreign investment regulations or review by a U.S. government entity, such as the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States ("CFIUS").

The initial business combination may be subject to U.S. foreign investment regulations that may impose conditions on or limit certain investors' ability to purchase the Company's stock or otherwise participate in the initial business combination, potentially making the stock less attractive to investors. The Company's future investments in or acquisitions of U.S. companies may also be subject to U.S. foreign investment regulations.

Certain transactions that involve the acquisition of, or investment in, a "U.S. business" by a non-U.S. individual or entity (a "foreign person") may be subject to review and approval by the CFIUS. Whether CFIUS has jurisdiction to review an acquisition or investment transaction depends on the nationality of the buyer or investor, whether the target of the investment or acquisition is engaged in interstate commerce in the United States, and nature of the rights afforded to the buyer or investor in the target entity. For example, transactions that result in "control" of a U.S. business by a foreign person always are subject to CFIUS jurisdiction. (Under the CFIUS regulations, the term "control" is defined as the power to "determine, direct, or decide important matters" affecting an entity.) CFIUS also has jurisdiction to review non-control transactions that afford a foreign person certain information and/or governance rights in a U.S. business that has a qualifying nexus to "critical technologies," "critical infrastructure" and/or "sensitive personal data," as those terms are defined in the CFIUS regulations. Foreign investments in U.S. businesses that deal in "critical technology" may be subject to mandatory preclosing CFIUS filing requirements. Failure to make a CFIUS filing where one is required may subject the transacting parties to potentially significant civil fines.

Although a majority of officers and directors of the Company are citizens of the United States and Canada, other than three officers who are citizens of the Kingdom of Thailand, the United Kingdom and Japan, the Company may still be found as "controlled" by a foreign person for CFIUS purposes. The Sponsor is a Cayman limited liability company, which owns 31.98% of the equity interest of the Company. Mr. Roy Kuan, a manager of the Sponsor, is a "foreign person" for CFIUS purposes. Because CFIUS would likely regard Mr. Kuan as having the power to determine, direct or decide important matters concerning the Sponsor, CFIUS will likely view the Sponsor as a "foreign person" as well, such that our Sponsor's involvement in any business combination may be a "covered transaction" (as defined in 31 C.F.R. 800.213). It is also possible that non-U.S. persons could be involved in our business combination, or that a non-controlling member of our Sponsor may be considered to have "substantial ties" to a foreign person under CFIUS, which may increase the risk that our business combination becomes subject to regulatory review, including a potential mandatory or voluntary review by CFIUS, and that restrictions, limitations or conditions will be imposed by CFIUS.

To the extent it occurs, our initial Business Combination may be subject to the CFIUS review. For so long as our Sponsor retains a material ownership interest in us, we may be deemed a "foreign person" under such rules and regulations, any proposed Business Combination between us and a U.S. business engaged in a regulated industry or which may affect national security could be subject to such foreign ownership restrictions, CFIUS review and/or mandatory filings. If our potential initial Business Combination with a U.S. business falls within the scope of foreign ownership restrictions, we may be unable to consummate an initial Business Combination with such business. In addition, if our potential Business Combination falls within CFIUS's jurisdiction, we may be required to make a mandatory filing or determine to submit a voluntary notice to CFIUS, or to proceed with the initial Business Combination without notifying CFIUS and risk CFIUS intervention, before or after closing the initial Business Combination. CFIUS may decide to block or delay our initial Business Combination, impose conditions to mitigate national security concerns with respect to such initial Business Combination or order us to divest all or a portion of any U.S. business of the combined company if we proceed without first obtaining CFIUS clearance. These potential limitations and risks may limit the attractiveness of a transaction with us or prevent us from pursuing certain initial Business Combination opportunities that we believe would otherwise be beneficial to us and our shareholders. As a result, the pool of potential targets with which we could complete an initial Business Combination may be limited and we may be adversely affected in competing with other special purpose acquisition companies which do not have similar foreign ownership issues. Moreover, the process of government review, whether by CFIUS or otherwise, could be lengthy. Because we have only a limited time to complete our initial Business Combination, our failure to obtain a

The process of government review, whether by CFIUS or otherwise, could be lengthy. If CFIUS elects to review a Business Combination, the time necessary to complete such review of the Business Combination or a decision by CFIUS to prohibit the Business Combination could prevent us from completing a Business Combination prior to the Extended Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date, as applicable. In the event that a business combination is not completed, our public shareholders will not receive the benefit of any price appreciation of our public shares that might result from a business combination with a target company.

If we are not able to consummate a Business Combination by the Extended Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date, as applicable, we will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company (less taxes payable and up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then-outstanding Public Shares in issue, which redemption will completely extinguish public shareholders' rights as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any); and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining shareholders and the Board, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case of clauses (ii) and (iii) to the Company's obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and to requirements of other applicable law. There will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to our warrants, which will expire worthless in the event of our winding up. Finally, the Company's public shareholders will not receive the benefit of any price appreciation of our Public Shares that might result from a Business Combination with a target company.

Were we considered to be a "foreign person," we might not be able to complete an initial business combination with a U.S. target company if such initial business combination is subject to U.S. foreign investment regulations and review by a U.S. government entity such as the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States ("CFIUS"), or ultimately prohibited.

Certain federally licensed businesses in the United States may be subject to rules or regulations that limit foreign ownership. In addition, CFIUS is an interagency committee authorized to review certain transactions involving foreign investment in the United States by foreign persons in order to determine the effect of such transactions on the national security of the United States. Were we considered to be a "foreign person" under such rules and regulations, any proposed business combination between the Company and a U.S. business engaged in a regulated industry or which may affect national security could be subject to such foreign ownership restrictions and/or CFIUS review. The scope of CFIUS was expanded by the Foreign Investment Risk Review Modernization Act of 2018 ("FIRRMA") to include certain non-controlling investments in sensitive U.S. businesses and certain acquisitions of real estate even with no underlying U.S. business. FIRRMA, and subsequent implementing regulations that are now in force, also subject certain categories of investments to mandatory filings. If a potential initial business combination with a U.S. business falls within the scope of foreign ownership restrictions, we may be unable to consummate an initial business combination with such business. In addition, if a potential initial business combination falls within CFIUS's jurisdiction, we may be required to make a mandatory filing or determine to submit a voluntary notice to CFIUS, or to proceed with the initial business combination without notifying CFIUS and risk CFIUS intervention, before or after closing the initial business combination.

The Sponsor is a Cayman limited liability company, which owns 31.98% of the equity interest of the Company. Mr. Roy Kuan, a manager of the Sponsor, is a "foreign person" for CFIUS purposes. Because CFIUS would likely regard Mr. Kuan as having the power to determine, direct or decide important matters concerning the Sponsor, CFIUS will likely view the Sponsor as a "foreign person" as well, such that our Sponsor's involvement in any business combination may be a "covered transaction" (as defined in 31 C.F.R. 800.213). If CFIUS has jurisdiction over our initial business combination, as a result of these existing relationships or otherwise, CFIUS may decide to block or delay our initial business combination, impose conditions to mitigate national security concerns with respect to such initial business combination or order us to divest all or a portion of a U.S. business of the combined company if we had proceeded without first obtaining CFIUS clearance. If we were considered to be a "foreign person," the foreign ownership limitations, and the potential impact of CFIUS, may limit the attractiveness of a transaction with us or prevent us from pursuing certain initial business combination opportunities that we believe would otherwise be beneficial to us and our stockholders. As a result, in such circumstances, the pool of potential targets with which we could complete an initial business combination could be limited and we may be adversely affected in terms of competing with other SPACs that do not have similar foreign ownership issues.

All of our officers and directors reside in countries other than China (except for the Chief Executive Officer who resides in Hong Kong) and are either U.S. citizens or citizens of countries other than China and Hong Kong, and our Sponsor is a Cayman Islands company; and they do not have significant ties to China. It is uncertain whether the fact that our Chief Executive Officer and the manager of our Sponsor, who is a Thai citizen by birth but now resides in Hong Kong, would make us a less attractive partner to a non-China or non-Hong Kong-based target company and such perception may potentially limit or negatively impact our search for an initial Business Combination.

All of our officers and directors reside in countries other than China (except for our Chief Executive Officer and manager of our Sponsor who is a Thai citizen by birth but now resides in Hong Kong) and are either U.S. citizens or citizens of countries other than China and Hong Kong, and our Sponsor is a Cayman Islands company. None of our officers or directors or our Sponsor has significant ties to China. Therefore, we believe there are no Chinese legal barriers to investors being able to effect service of process and enforce judgement of United States courts predicated upon civil liabilities and criminal penalties on them under United States securities laws. We believe that none of our officers and directors have significant ties to China. As our Articles of Association prohibit us from undertaking our initial business combination with any company that has principal business operations in Mainland China unless such entity (a) has no material interests in or exposure to any "variable interest entities," as that term is used in the Accounting Standards Codification, (b) has not more than 50% of its revenue from Mainland China, and (c) has its headquarters in Hong Kong or any other location outside of Mainland China, we do not believe the residence of our Chief Executive Officer in Hong Kong will have a material impact upon our search for a target company. However, we cannot predict the perception from potential target companies or the market of our relationship to Hong Kong, and therefore, it is uncertain whether this relationship would make us a less attractive partner to a non-China or non-Hong Kong-based target company and such perception may potentially limit or negatively impact our search for an initial Business Combination.

Because we are incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands, you may face difficulties in protecting your interests through the U.S. federal courts, and your ability to protect your rights through the U.S. federal courts may be limited.

We are an exempted company incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands. As a result, it may be difficult for investors to effect service of process within the United States upon our directors or officers, or enforce judgments obtained in the United States courts against our directors or officers. Some of our officers and directors reside in countries other than United States. Our Sponsor, a Cayman limited liability company, is controlled by a non-U.S. person.

Our corporate affairs are governed by our Memorandum and Articles, the Companies Act (as the same may be supplemented or amended from time to time) and the common law of the Cayman Islands. We are also subject to the federal securities laws of the United States. The rights of shareholders to take action against the directors, actions by minority shareholders and the fiduciary responsibilities of our directors to us under Cayman Islands law are to a large extent governed by the common law of the Cayman Islands. The common law of the Cayman Islands is derived in part from comparatively limited judicial precedent in the Cayman Islands as well as from English common law, the decisions of whose courts are of persuasive authority, but are not binding on a court in the Cayman Islands. The rights of our shareholders and the fiduciary responsibilities of our directors under Cayman Islands law are different from what they would be under statutes or judicial precedent in some jurisdictions in the United States. In particular, the Cayman Islands has a different body of securities laws as compared to the United States, and certain states, such as Delaware, may have more fully developed and judicially interpreted bodies of corporate law. In addition, Cayman Islands companies may not have standing to initiate a shareholders derivative action in a federal court of the United States.

We have been advised by Maples and Calder (Singapore) LLP, our Cayman Islands legal counsel, that the courts of the Cayman Islands are unlikely (i) to recognize or enforce against us judgments of courts of the United States predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the federal securities laws of the United States or any state; and (ii) in original actions brought in the Cayman Islands, to impose liabilities against us predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the federal securities laws of the United States or any state, so far as the liabilities imposed by those provisions are penal in nature. In those circumstances, although there is no statutory enforcement in the Cayman Islands of judgments obtained in the United States, the courts of the Cayman Islands will recognize and enforce a foreign money judgment of a foreign court of competent jurisdiction without retrial on the merits based on the principle that a judgment of a competent foreign court imposes upon the judgment debtor an obligation to pay the sum for which judgment has been given provided certain conditions are met. For a foreign judgment to be enforced in the Cayman Islands, such judgment must be final and conclusive and for a liquidated sum, and must not be in respect of taxes or a fine or penalty, inconsistent with a Cayman Islands judgment in respect of the same matter, impeachable on the grounds of fraud or obtained in a manner, or be of a kind the enforcement of which is, contrary to natural justice or the public policy of the Cayman Islands (awards of punitive or multiple damages may well be held to be contrary to public policy). A Cayman Islands court may stay enforcement proceedings if concurrent proceedings are being brought elsewhere.

As a result of all of the above, public shareholders may have more difficulty in protecting their interests in the face of actions taken by management, members of the board of directors or controlling shareholders than they would as public shareholders of a United States company.

Nasdaq may delist our securities from trading on its exchange, which could limit investors' ability to make transactions in our securities and subject us to additional trading restrictions.

As of the date of this proxy statement, our Class A Ordinary Shares, Units and warrants to purchase Class A Ordinary Shares issued in connection with the IPO are listed on NYSE under the symbols "GAQ," "GAQ.U" and "GAQWS", respectively. On March 28, 2024, the Company filed Form 25 with the SEC informing the SEC and the NYSE of the delisting of the Company's securities from the NYSE, which form becomes effective within 10 days of filing. Concurrently, the Company filed new Form 8-A with the SEC with respect to its Class A Ordinary Shares which have been approved for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market ("Nasdaq") with the first trading day on April 8, 2024. The Units and warrants to purchase Class A Ordinary Shares will continue trading over-the-counter.

Although following our IPO we met the minimum initial listing standards set forth in NYSE listing standards and will meet, on a pro forma basis, the minimum listing standards for the Class A Ordinary Shares on Nasdaq, we cannot assure you that our securities will be, or will continue to be, listed on Nasdaq in the future or prior to the Business Combination. In order to continue listing our Class A Ordinary Shares on Nasdaq prior to the Business Combination, we must maintain certain financial, distribution and share price levels. Generally, following our IPO, we must maintain a minimum number of holders of our securities (generally 400 public holders).

Additionally, our Units will not be traded after the completion of the Business Combination and, in connection with the Business Combination, we will be required to demonstrate compliance with Nasdaq initial listing requirements, which are more rigorous than Nasdaq continued listing requirements, in order to continue to maintain the listing of our Class A Ordinary Shares on Nasdaq. For instance, unless we decide to list on a different Nasdaq tier such as the Nasdaq Capital Market which has different initial listing requirements, our bid price would generally be required to be at least \$4.00 per share, the market value of our listed securities would be required to be at least \$75 million, the market value of our unrestricted publicly held shares would be required to be at least \$20 million and we would be required to have a minimum of 400 round lot holders of our securities, with at least 50% of such round lot holders holding securities with a market value of at least \$2,500. We cannot assure you that we will be able to meet those initial listing requirements at that time.

If Nasdaq delists our Class A Ordinary Shares from trading on its exchange and we are not able to list our securities on another national securities exchange, we expect our securities could be quoted on an over-the-counter market. If this were to occur, we could face significant material adverse consequences, including:

- •a limited availability of market quotations for our securities;
- •reduced liquidity for our securities;
- •a determination that our Class A Ordinary Shares are a "penny stock" which will require brokers trading in our Class A Ordinary Shares to adhere to more stringent rules and possibly result in a reduced level of trading activity in the secondary trading market for our securities;
- ·a limited amount of news and analyst coverage; and
- •a decreased ability to issue additional securities or obtain additional financing in the future.

Our Units and warrants do not meet Nasdaq's listing standard, and we expect that our Units and warrants will be quoted on an over-the-counter market instead. The National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996, which is a federal statute, prevents or preempts the states from regulating the sale of certain securities, which are referred to as "covered securities." Because our Class A Ordinary Shares are listed on Nasdaq, our Class A Ordinary Shares qualify as covered securities under the statute. Although the states are preempted from regulating the sale of our Class A Ordinary Shares, the federal statute does allow the states to investigate companies if there is a suspicion of fraud, and, if there is a finding of fraudulent activity, then the states can regulate or bar the sale of covered securities in a particular case. While we are not aware of a state having used these powers to prohibit or restrict the sale of securities issued by blank check companies, other than the State of Idaho, certain state securities regulators view blank check companies unfavorably and might use these powers, or threaten to use these powers, to hinder the sale of securities of blank check companies in their states. Further, if we were no longer listed on Nasdaq, our Class A Ordinary Shares would not qualify as covered securities under the statute and we would be subject to regulation in each state in which we offer our Class A Ordinary Shares.

The Extension Amendment contemplated by the Extension Amendment Proposal contravenes Nasdaq rules, and as a result, may lead Nasdaq to suspend trading in the Company's securities or lead the Company to be delisted from Nasdaq.

As of the date of this proxy statement, our Class A Ordinary Shares issued in connection with the IPO are listed on Nasdaq under the symbol "GAQ." Nasdaq IM-5101-2 requires that a special purpose acquisition company completes one or more business combinations within 36 months of the effectiveness of its IPO registration statement, which, in the case of the Company, would be January 24, 2025 (the "Nasdaq Deadline"). The Extension Amendment, if completed, would extend the Extended Deadline Date beyond the Nasdaq Deadline. As a result, the Extension Amendment contemplated by the Extension Amendment Proposal does not comply with Nasdaq rules. There is a risk that trading in the Company's securities may be suspended and the Company may be subject to delisting by Nasdaq if the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Company does not complete one or more business combinations by the Nasdaq Deadline. We cannot assure you that Nasdaq will not delist the Company in such event, or that we will be able to obtain a hearing with Nasdaq's Hearings Panel to appeal the delisting determination, or that our securities will not be suspended pending the Hearing Panel's decision.

If Nasdaq delists any of our securities from trading on its exchange and we are not able to list our securities on another national securities exchange, we expect such securities could be quoted on an over-the counter market. If this were to occur, we could face significant material adverse consequences, including:

- •Our ability to complete an initial Business Combination with a target company contemplating a Nasdaq listing;
- •a limited availability of market quotations for our securities;
- •reduced liquidity for our securities;
- •a determination that our Class A Ordinary Shares is a "penny stock," which will require brokers trading in our Class A Ordinary Shares to adhere to more stringent rules and possibly result in a reduced level of trading activity in the secondary trading market for our securities;
- ·a limited amount of news and analyst coverage; and
- •a decreased ability to issue additional securities or obtain additional financing in the future.

The National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996, which is a federal statute, prevents or preempts the states from regulating the sale of certain securities, which are referred to as "covered securities." Because our Class A Ordinary Shares are currently listed on Nasdaq, our Class A Ordinary Shares are covered securities. If we were no longer listed on Nasdaq, our securities would not be covered securities and we would be subject to regulation in each state in which we offer our securities.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE SHAREHOLDER MEETING

The questions and answers below highlight only selected information from this proxy statement and only briefly address some commonly asked questions about the Shareholder Meeting (as defined below) and the proposals to be presented at the Shareholder Meeting. The following questions and answers do not include all the information that is important to the Company's shareholders. Shareholders are urged to read carefully this entire proxy statement, including the other documents referred to herein, to fully understand the proposal to be presented at the Shareholder Meeting and the voting procedures for the Shareholder Meeting, which will be held on April 16, 2024 at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Time. The Shareholder Meeting will be held at Level 19, Tower 2, 1 Raffles Place, Singapore and virtually, at https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024, or at such other time, on such other date and at such other place to which the meeting may be adjourned. You can participate in the meeting and vote via live webcast by visiting https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024.

Q: Why am I receiving this proxy statement?

A: Our Company is a blank check company incorporated as a Cayman Islands exempted company on March 3, 2021. The Company was incorporated for the purpose of effecting a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities.

Following the closing of the Company's initial public offering on January 24, 2022 (the "**IPO**"), followed by the partial exercise by the underwriters of the overallotment option on February 1, 2022, a total amount of \$221,493,000, comprised of (i) the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the IPO and (ii) the sale of private placement warrants (the "**Private Placement Warrants**") to Generation Asia LLC, a Cayman Islands limited liability company (the "**Sponsor**"), was placed in a trust account established at the consummation of the IPO that holds the proceeds of the IPO (the "**Trust Account**").

Like most blank check companies, the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (the "Articles") provide for the return of the IPO proceeds held in the Trust Account to the holders of Class A Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Class A Ordinary Shares" or the "Public Shares") sold in the IPO if there is no qualifying Business Combination(s) consummated on or before July 23, 2024, subject to the Sponsor depositing additional funds into the Trust Account

The Board has determined that in the current market conditions it is in the best interests of the Company to seek the approval of the Company's shareholders of the Extension Amendment Proposal to (a) extend the Combination Period to the Extended Deadline Date any Articles Extension Date, as applicable, and (b) reduce the amount of funds to be deposited in the Trust Account to secure such extension of the Combination Period to the Extended Deadline Date. The Company believes that it will not be able to complete a Business Combination without additional one-month extensions of the Combination Period up to the Extended Deadline Date, and, without the Extension Amendment, that it will not be able to secure the extension of the Combination Period. If that were to occur, the Company would be precluded from completing a Business Combination and would be forced to redeem the Public Shares and voluntarily liquidate.

Q: When and where will the Shareholder Meeting be held?

A: The Shareholder Meeting will be held on April 16, 2024 at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Time, at Level 19, Tower 2, 1 Raffles Place, Singapore and virtually, at https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024, or at such other time, on such other date and at such other place to which the meeting may be adjourned. You can participate in the meeting and vote via live webcast by visiting https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024 and entering the control number found on your proxy card, voting instruction form or notice included in the proxy materials. You may also attend the meeting telephonically by dialing 1 800-450-7155 (toll-free within the United States and Canada) or +1 857-999-9155 (outside of the United States and Canada, standard rates apply). The passcode for telephone access is 6197943#, but please note that you will not be able to vote or ask questions if you choose to participate telephonically.

Q: How do I vote?

A: If you were a holder of record of Class A Ordinary Shares or Class B Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Class B Ordinary Shares" or "founder shares," and together with the Class A Ordinary Shares, the "Ordinary Shares") on the Record Date (as defined below) for the Shareholder Meeting, you may vote with respect to the proposals in person or virtually at the Shareholder Meeting, or by completing, signing, dating and returning the enclosed proxy card in the postage-paid envelope provided.

Voting by Mail. By signing the proxy card and returning it in the enclosed prepaid and addressed envelope, you are authorizing the individuals named on the proxy card to vote your shares at the Shareholder Meeting in the manner you indicate. You are encouraged to sign and return the proxy card even if you plan to attend the Shareholder Meeting so that your shares will be voted if you are unable to attend the Shareholder Meeting. If you receive more than one proxy card, it is an indication that your shares are held in multiple accounts. Please sign and return all proxy cards to ensure that all of your shares are voted. Votes submitted by mail must be received by 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 15, 2024.

Voting Electronically. You may attend and vote at the Shareholder Meeting by visiting https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024 and entering the control number found on your proxy card, voting instruction form or notice included in the proxy materials.

Q: How do I attend the virtual Shareholder Meeting?

A: If you are a registered shareholder, you will receive a proxy card from Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company ("Continental"). The form contains instructions on how to attend the virtual Shareholder Meeting, including the URL address, along with your control number. You will need your control number for access. If you do not have your control number, contact Continental at 917-262-2373, or email proxy@continentalstock.com.

Shareholders who hold their investments through a bank or broker will need to contact their bank or broker to receive a control number. If you plan to vote at the Shareholder Meeting you will need to have a legal proxy from your bank or broker, or if you would like to join and not vote, Continental will issue you a guest control number with proof of ownership. Either way you must contact Continental for specific instructions on how to receive the control number. Continental can be contacted at 917-262-2373, or via email at proxy@continentalstock.com. Please allow up to 72 hours prior to the meeting for processing your control number.

If you do not have internet capabilities, you can listen only to the meeting by dialing 1 800-450-7155 (toll-free), within the U.S. and Canada, or +1 857-999-9155 (standard rates apply) outside the U.S. and Canada; when prompted enter the pin number 6197943#. This is listen-only, you will not be able to vote or enter questions during the meeting.

Q: What are the specific proposals on which I am being asked to vote at the Shareholder Meeting?

A: The Company's shareholders are being asked to consider and vote on the following proposals:

1. Proposal No. 1—The Extension Amendment Proposal—To amend, by way of special resolution, the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (the "Articles"), as provided by the first special resolution in the form set forth in Annex A to the accompanying proxy statement (the "Extension Amendment" and such proposal, the "Extension Amendment Proposal"), (a) to extend the date by which the Company must consummate an initial business combination (a "Business Combination") from July 23, 2024 (the "Current Deadline Date") up to July 23, 2025 (the "Extended Deadline Date"), (b) to reduce the amount of monthly extension payments which the Company's sponsor, Generation Asia LLC, a Cayman Islands limited liability company (the "Sponsor"), or its affiliates or designees, must deposit into the trust account of the Company established at the consummation of the Company's initial public offering (the "Trust Account") of the Company from the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share (as defined below) multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time for each one-month extension of the date by which the Company has to consummate a Business Combination, to an amount equal to \$35,000 for each one-month extension of the date by which the Company has to consummate a Business Combination (each such monthly extended date, an "Articles Extension Date," and the period from the consummation of the Company's initial public offering (the "IPO") until such Articles Extension Date, the "Combination Period"), which date may be extended by the Company pursuant to Article 49.7 of the Company's Articles up to twelve (12) times for an additional one month each time from the Current Deadline Date until the Extended Deadline Date, which is a period of time ending 42 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), unless the closing of a Business Combination shall have occurred prior thereto; provided that any such reduction of the monthly payments for each one month extension of the Combination Period shall become effective immediately upon approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal and shall apply to the next extension payment by the Company on or prior to April 23, 2024 and all payments thereafter until the Extended Deadline Date, and (c) to make certain other amendments to the Articles in the form annexed to Annex A of this proxy statement;

2.Proposal No. 2—The Trust Amendment Proposal—To amend, by way of special resolution, the Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of January 19, 2022 (as amended, amended or restated or otherwise modified from time to time, including by that certain Amendment to Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of July 14, 2023 and that certain Amendment No. 2 to Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of January 18, 2024, collectively, the "Trust Agreement"), by and between the Company and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as trustee ("Continental" or the "Trustee"), in the form set forth in Annex B to the accompanying proxy statement, by the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of the votes cast by the holders of the then outstanding Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 ("Class A Ordinary Shares") and Class B Ordinary Shares (together with the Class A Ordinary Shares, the "Ordinary Shares"), voting together as a single class, to, among other things, change the Current Deadline Date to the Articles Extension Date or the Extended Deadline Date, as the case may be, and amend other provisions of the Trust Agreement related thereto (the "Trust Amendment" and such proposal, the "Trust Amendment Proposal"); and

3. Proposal No. 3—The Adjournment Proposal—To adjourn, by way of ordinary resolution, the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates, if necessary, (i) to permit further solicitation and vote of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares in the capital of the Company represented (either in person or by proxy) to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, or (ii) if the holders of Public Shares have elected to redeem an amount of shares in connection with the Extension Amendment such that the Company would not adhere to the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq (the "Adjournment Proposal").

If the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment becomes effective, in the event that the Company has not consummated a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date, the Company may extend the Combination Period until the Extended Deadline Date, each such extension by one additional month at a time, up to twelve (12) times in total from the Current Deadline Date (which is a period of time ending 42 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), provided that the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, deposit into the Trust Account an amount equal to \$35,000 for each one-month extension on or prior to the applicable Articles Extension Date. In the event that the Board determines not to proceed with any extension prior to any next Articles Extension Date, which it may do in its sole discretion, the Board shall cause the Company to be liquidated and the Company shall take all actions necessary to liquidate the Company and prior to such liquidation each of the shares of the Class A Ordinary Shares issued as part of the units ("Units") sold in the IPO (the "Public Shares") shall be redeemed in accordance with the Articles.

After consultation with the Sponsor, the Company's management has reasons to believe that, if the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment is implemented, the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, will contribute \$35,000 to the Company for each one-month extension, as a non-interest bearing loan (each loan being referred to herein as a "Contribution," and the Sponsor, its affiliate or designee making such Contribution, a "Contributor") for the Company to deposit the funds into the Trust Account, and to extend the Combination Period for an additional one month period each time until the applicable Articles Extension Date, but in no event longer than the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be deposited in the Trust Account on or before the beginning of the additional extension period, with respect to the extension of the Combination Period to each Articles Extension Date. Prior to the date of this proxy statement, the Company has already deposited the aggregate of \$1,125,000 into the Trust Account to extend the Combination Period until April 23, 2024, and the remaining balance of all Contributions following the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal will be \$450,000 if the Combination Period is extended until the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be evidenced by a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note to the Contributor, will bear no interest and will be repayable by the Company to the Contributor upon the consummation of a Business Combination. The loans will be forgiven if the Company is unable to consummate a Business Combination within the Combination Period except to the extent of any funds held outside of the Trust Account. If the Company has consummated a Business Combination or announced its intention to wind up prior to the date by which any Contribution must be deposited into the Trust Account, any obligation to make Contributions will terminate. The Contributions are conditioned upon the implementation of the Extension Amendment Proposal. The Contributions will not occur if Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved, or the Extension Amendment is not implemented (although the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, may choose to make payments to extend in accordance with the current provisions in the Company's existing Articles). The Board (or its designees) will have the sole discretion whether to continue extending for additional calendar months until the Extended Deadline Date and if the Board determines not to continue extending for additional calendar months, the Sponsor's obligation to make Contributions will terminate.

If the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal are not approved, the Company will have until the Current Deadline Date to complete a Business Combination subject to monthly extensions, and the amount to be deposited into the Trust Account by the Sponsor or its Affiliates or its designees for each one-month extension will remain equal to the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time, in exchange for a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note, for each additional month on or prior to the Current Deadline Date. If a Business Combination is not completed on or before the Current Deadline Date, the Company will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company (less taxes payable and up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), *divided by* the number of then-outstanding Public Shares in issue, which redemption will completely extinguish public shareholders' rights as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any); and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining shareholders and the Board, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case of clauses (ii) and (iii) to the Company's obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and to requirements of other applicable law. There will be no distribution from the Trust Account with respect to the Company's warrants, which will expire worthless in the event the Company dissolves and liquidates the Trust Account

The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal is conditioned on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, and unless the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved at the Shareholder Meeting, the Trust Amendment will not be implemented.

There will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions with respect to our warrants, which will expire worthless in the event of our winding up.

We will not proceed with the Extension Amendment if redemptions of our Public Shares would cause the Company's net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001.

For more information, please see "Proposal No. 1—The Extension Amendment Proposal", "Proposal No. 2—The Trust Amendment Proposal" and "Proposal No. 3—The Adjournment Proposal."

After careful consideration, the Board has unanimously determined that the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders and unanimously recommends that you vote "FOR" or give instruction to vote "FOR" each of these proposals.

The existence of financial and personal interests of our directors and officers may result in conflicts of interest, including a conflict between what may be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders and what may be best for a director's personal interests when determining to recommend that shareholders vote for the proposals. See the sections titled "Proposal No. 1—The Extension Amendment Proposal—Interests of the Sponsor and the Company's Directors and Officers" and "Beneficial Ownership of Securities" for further discussion of these considerations.

THE VOTE OF SHAREHOLDERS IS IMPORTANT. SHAREHOLDERS ARE URGED TO SUBMIT THEIR PROXIES AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER CAREFULLY REVIEWING THIS PROXY STATEMENT.

- Q: Am I being asked to vote on a proposal to elect directors?
- A: No. Holders of Public Shares are not being asked to vote on the election of directors at this time.
- Q: Why is the Company proposing the Extension Amendment Proposal?
- A: The Company's existing Articles provide for the return of the IPO proceeds held in trust to the holders of Public Shares sold in the IPO if there is no qualifying Business Combination consummated on or before the end date of the Combination Period. The purpose of the Extension Amendment Proposal is to reduce the amount of funds to be deposited in the Trust Account to secure the extension of the Combination Period to the Extended Deadline Date and give the Company more time to complete a Business Combination.

The Company believes that it will not be able to complete a Business Combination on or before the Current Deadline Date and, without the Extension Amendment, that it will not be able to secure the extension of the Combination Period beyond the Current Deadline Date. If that were to occur, the Company would be forced to liquidate.

- Q: Why is the Company proposing the Trust Amendment Proposal?
- A: The Trust Agreement currently provides that Continental shall commence liquidation of the Trust Account only after and promptly after (x) its receipt of the applicable instruction letter delivered by the Company in connection with either a closing of a Business Combination or the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the

Articles or (y) upon the date which is the later of (1) 18 months after the closing of the IPO (or up to 30 months after the closing of the IPO upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement) and (2) such later date as may be approved by the Company's shareholders in accordance with the Articles, if a termination letter delivered by the Company in connection with the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles has not been received by the Trustee prior to such date upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement.

If, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient votes from the holders of Ordinary Shares to approve the Trust Amendment Proposal, the Company may put the Adjournment Proposal to a vote in order to seek additional time to obtain sufficient votes in support of the Trust Amendment Proposal. If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved by the Company's shareholders, the Board may not be able to adjourn the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates in the event that there are insufficient votes from the holders of Ordinary Shares at the time of the Shareholder Meeting to approve the Trust Amendment Proposal.

If the Trust Amendment Proposal is not approved at the Shareholder Meeting or at any adjournment thereof or is not implemented, and a Business Combination is not completed on or before the Current Deadline Date, then as contemplated by and in accordance with the Trust Agreement, Continental shall commence liquidation of the Trust Account only and promptly (x) after its receipt of the applicable instruction letter delivered by the Company in connection with the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles or (y) upon the date which is the later of (1) 18 months after the closing of the IPO (or up to 30 months after the closing of the IPO upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement) and (2) such later date as may be approved by the Company's shareholders in accordance with the Articles, if a termination letter delivered by the Company in connection with the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles has not been received by the Trustee prior to such date upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement.

Q: Why is the Company proposing the Adjournment Proposal?

A: If (i) the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal are not approved by the Company's shareholders or (ii) due to redemptions in connection with the Extension Amendment, the Company would not adhere to the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq, the Company may put the Adjournment Proposal to a vote in order to seek additional time to obtain sufficient votes in support of the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, or to allow public shareholders time to reverse their redemption requests in connection with the Extension Amendment. If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved by the Company's shareholders, the Board may not be able to adjourn the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates in the event that (i) there are insufficient votes to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, or (ii) if due to redemptions in connection with the Extension Amendment, the Company would not adhere to the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq.

Q: What constitutes a quorum?

A: A quorum of our shareholders is necessary to hold a valid meeting. The presence (which would include presence in person and at the virtual Shareholder Meeting), in person or by proxy, of shareholders holding one-third of the Ordinary Shares entitled to vote at the Shareholder Meeting constitutes a quorum at the Shareholder Meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum. The initial shareholders of the Company, including the Sponsor and the forward purchasers to which the Sponsor transferred certain of its founder shares pursuant to their forward purchase agreements (the "Initial Shareholders") who own 49.3% of the issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares as of the Record Date (including the 2,000,000 Class B Ordinary Shares issued in connection with the forward purchase agreements, which remain subject to forfeiture in accordance with the terms of the forward purchase agreements if the forward purchasers fail to close on their obligations to purchase forward purchase securities at the time of the initial Business Combination (the "Forward Purchase Shares"), of which 1,200,000 Forward Purchase Shares have been transferred to the forward purchasers and 800,000 are held by the Sponsor), will count towards this quorum if present at the Shareholder Meeting. Of the Initial Shareholders, the Sponsor holding 31.98% of the issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares as of the Record Date will be present at the Shareholder Meeting and the shares held by it will count towards this quorum. However, we cannot guarantee that any other holders of Class B Ordinary Shares will be present at the Shareholder Meeting. As of the Record Date, in addition to the shares of the Sponsor, an additional 2,735,865 Ordinary Shares would be required to be present at the Shareholder Meeting to achieve a quorum. Because all of the proposals to be voted on at the Shareholder Meeting are "non-routine" matters, banks, brokers and other nominees will not have authority to vote on any prop

Q: What vote is required to approve the proposals presented at the Shareholder Meeting?

A: The approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal requires a special resolution under the Articles, being the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of the votes cast by the holders of Ordinary Shares, voting as a single class, who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting.

The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal requires the affirmative vote of at least 65% of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class and is being passed as a special resolution requiring two thirds of the total votes of the holders of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class.

The approval of the Adjournment Proposal requires an ordinary resolution under Cayman Islands law, being the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the votes cast by the holders of the issued Ordinary Shares who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting.

Q: How will the Sponsor vote?

A: The Sponsor intends to vote any Ordinary Shares over which it has voting control in favor of the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and, if necessary, the Adjournment Proposal.

The Initial Shareholders are not entitled to redeem any Class B Ordinary Shares held by them in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal. On the Record Date, the Initial Shareholders beneficially owned and were entitled to vote 7,482,500 Class B Ordinary Shares, representing 49.3% of the Company's issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares (including the 2,000,000 Class B Ordinary Shares issued in connection with the forward purchase agreements).

Q: Who is the Company's Sponsor?

A: The Company's Sponsor is Generation Asia LLC, a Cayman Islands limited liability company. The Sponsor currently owns 4,855,250 Class B Ordinary Shares and 7,379,000 Private Placement Warrants.

Q: Why should I vote "FOR" the Extension Amendment Proposal?

A: The Company believes shareholders will benefit from the Company consummating a Business Combination and is proposing the Extension Amendment Proposal to provide the Company with sufficient time to complete a Business Combination and to reduce the amount of funds to be deposited in the Trust Account to secure the extension of the Combination Period to the Extended Deadline Date. The Company believes that it will not be able to complete a Business Combination on or before the Current Deadline Date, and, without the Extension Amendment, that it will not be able to secure the extension of the Combination Period. If that were to occur, the Company would be precluded from completing a Business Combination and would be forced to redeem the Public Shares and voluntarily liquidate. In addition, approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal is conditioned on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, and unless the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved at the Shareholder Meeting, the Trust Amendment will not be implemented.

Q: Why should I vote "FOR" the Trust Amendment Proposal?

A: The Company's Board believes the opportunity to complete a Business Combination is in the best interests of the shareholders. The purpose of the Trust Amendment Proposal is to give the Company the right to extend the Combination Period as set forth in the Extension Amendment Proposal and reduce the amount of funds to be deposited in the Trust Account to secure the extension of the Combination Period to the Extended Deadline Date. Accordingly, if the Trust Amendment Proposal is approved, Continental may only commence liquidation of the Trust Account promptly upon the earlier of (1) the Company's completion of a Business Combination, (2) the Articles Extension Date, as may be extended from time to time, or (3) the Current Deadline Date.

After careful consideration of all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the conclusion that it is unlikely that the Company would be able to complete a Business Combination before the Current Deadline Date, the Board has determined that the Trust Amendment Proposal is in your best interests and recommends that you vote or give instruction to vote in favor of the Trust Amendment Proposal.

Q: Why should I vote "FOR" the Adjournment Proposal?

A: If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved by the Company's shareholders, the Board may not be able to adjourn the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or to allow public shareholders time to reverse their redemption requests in connection with the Extension Amendment

Q: What if I do not want to vote "FOR" the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal or the Adjournment Proposal?

A: If you do not want the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal or the Adjournment Proposal to be approved, you may "ABSTAIN," not vote, or vote "AGAINST" such proposal.

If you attend the Shareholder Meeting in person or by proxy, you may vote "AGAINST" the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal or the Adjournment Proposal, and your Ordinary Shares will be counted for the purposes of determining whether the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal or the Adjournment Proposal (as the case may be) are approved.

However, if you fail to attend the Shareholder Meeting in person or by proxy, or if you do attend the Shareholder Meeting in person or by proxy but you "ABSTAIN" or otherwise fail to vote at the Shareholder Meeting, your Ordinary Shares will not be counted for the purposes of determining whether the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal or the Adjournment Proposal (as the case may be) are approved, and your Ordinary Shares which are not voted at the Shareholder Meeting will have no effect on the outcome of such votes. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum.

If the Extension Amendment Proposal and the Trust Amendment Proposal are approved and, following redemptions in connection with the Extension Amendment, the Company adheres to the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq, the Adjournment Proposal will not be presented for a vote.

Q: How are the funds in the Trust Account currently being held?

A: With respect to the regulation of SPACs like our Company, on March 30, 2022, the SEC issued the SPAC Proposed Rules relating to, among other items, the extent to which SPACs could become subject to regulation under the Investment Company Act, including a proposed rule that would provide SPACs a safe harbor from treatment as an investment company if they satisfy certain conditions that limit a SPAC's duration, asset composition, business purpose and activities.

With regard to the SEC's investment company proposals included in the SPAC Proposed Rules, while the funds in the Trust Account have, since the Company's IPO, been held only in U.S. government treasury bills with a maturity of 185 days or less or in money market funds investing solely in U.S. Treasuries, to mitigate the risk of us being deemed to have been operating as an unregistered investment company under the Investment Company Act, in January 2024 prior to the 24-month anniversary of the effective date of the registration statement relating to our IPO, we instructed Continental as the trustee managing the Trust Account, to liquidate the U.S. government treasury obligations or money market funds held in the Trust Account and thereafter to maintain the funds in the Trust Account in cash in an interest-bearing demand deposit account at a bank until the earlier of the consummation of our initial Business Combination or the liquidation of our Company. On January 18, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment No. 2 to the Trust Agreement to provide that Continental may maintain the funds in the Trust Account in an interest-bearing bank demand deposit account, and we sent an Investment Instruction Letter to Continental, pursuant to which we instructed Continental to move the funds in the Trust Account to such a demand deposit account. We have been informed by Continental that the interest on such deposit account is currently approximately between 4.5% and 5.25% per annum, but such deposit account carries a variable rate and we cannot assure you that such rate will not decrease or increase significantly. However, interest previously earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and thereafter to hold all funds in the Trust Account in cash would reduce the dollar amount our public shareholders would receive upon any redemption or liquidation of the Company.

Q: Will we seek any further extensions to liquidate the Trust Account?

A: Other than as described in this proxy statement, the Company does not currently anticipate seeking any further extension to consummate a Business Combination, but may do so in the future.

Q: What happens if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved?

A: If there are insufficient votes to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Company may put the Adjournment Proposal to a vote in order to seek additional time to obtain sufficient votes in support of the Extension Amendment. In addition, the approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal is conditioned on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, and unless the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved at the Shareholder Meeting, the Trust Amendment will not be implemented.

If the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved, the Company will have until the Current Deadline Date to complete a Business Combination subject to monthly extensions, and the amount to be deposited into the Trust Account by the Sponsor or its Affiliates or its designees for each one-month extension will remain equal to the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time, in exchange for a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note, for each additional month on or prior to the Current Deadline Date. If a Business Combination is not completed on or before the Current Deadline Date, the Company will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company (less taxes payable and up to \$100,000 of interest to pay

dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then-outstanding Public Shares in issue, which redemption will completely extinguish public shareholders' rights as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any); and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining shareholders and the Board, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case of clauses (ii) and (iii) to the Company's obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and to requirements of other applicable law. There will be no distribution from the Trust Account with respect to the Company's warrants, which will expire worthless in the event the Company dissolves and liquidates the Trust Account.

The Initial Shareholders have waived their rights to participate in any liquidation distribution with respect to the 7,482,500 Class B Ordinary Shares held by them.

Q: If the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved, what happens next?

A: If the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved, the Company will continue to attempt to consummate a Business Combination until the Extended Deadline Date and any Articles Extension Date (if applicable). The Company will procure that all filings required to be made with the Registrar of Companies of the Cayman Islands in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal are made and will continue its efforts to obtain approval of a Business Combination at an extraordinary general meeting and consummate the closing of a Business Combination on or before the Extended Deadline Date and any Articles Extension Date (if applicable).

After consultation with the Sponsor, the Company's management has reasons to believe that, if the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment is implemented, the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, will contribute \$35,000 to the Company for each one-month extension, as a non-interest bearing loan (each loan being referred to herein as a "Contribution," and the Sponsor, its affiliate or designee making such Contribution, a "Contributor") for the Company to deposit the funds into the Trust Account, and to extend the Combination Period for an additional one month period each time until the applicable Articles Extension Date, but in no event longer than the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be deposited in the Trust Account on or before the beginning of the additional extension period, with respect to the extension of the Combination Period to each Articles Extension Date. Prior to the date of this proxy statement, the Company has already deposited the aggregate of \$1,125,000 into the Trust Account to extend the Combination Period until April 23, 2024, and the remaining balance of all Contributions following the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal will be \$450,000 if the Combination Period is extended until the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be evidenced by a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note to the Contributor, will bear no interest and will be repayable by the Company to the Contributor upon the consummation of a Business Combination. The loans will be forgiven if the Company is unable to consummate a Business Combination within the Combination Period except to the extent of any funds held outside of the Trust Account. If the Company has consummated a Business Combination or announced its intention to wind up prior to the date by which any Contribution must be deposited into the Trust Account, any obligation to make Contributions will terminate. The Contributions are conditioned upon the implementation of the Extension Amendment Proposal. The Contributions will not occur if Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved, or the Extension Amendment is not implemented (although the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, may choose to make payments to extend in accordance with the current provisions in the Company's existing Articles). The Board (or its designees) will have the sole discretion whether to continue extending for additional calendar months until the Extended Deadline Date and if the Board determines not to continue extending for additional calendar months, the Sponsor's obligation to make Contributions will terminate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved, the removal from the Trust Account of the amount equal to the pro rata portion of funds available in the Trust Account with respect to such redeemed Public Shares will reduce the amount remaining in the Trust Account and increase the percentage interest of the Company held by the Initial Shareholders. In addition, the Company's Articles provide that the Company cannot redeem or repurchase Public Shares to the extent such redemption would result in the Company's failure to have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets. As a result, the Company will not proceed with the Extension Amendment if the Company will not have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets upon its implementation of the Extension Amendment, after taking into account the Redemption.

Q: What happens if the Trust Amendment Proposal is not approved?

A: If the Trust Amendment Proposal is not approved, we may be unable to consummate a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date, and the Company would be forced to liquidate.

Q: If I vote for or against the Extension Amendment Proposal, do I need to request that my shares be redeemed?

A: Yes. Whether you vote "for" or "against" the Extension Amendment Proposal, or do not vote at all, you may elect to redeem your shares. However, you will need to submit a redemption request for your shares if you choose to redeem.

Q: Am I being asked to vote on a Business Combination at this Shareholder Meeting?

A: No. You are not being asked to vote on a Business Combination at this time. If the Extension Amendment is implemented and you do not elect to redeem your Public Shares, provided that you are a shareholder on the record date for the shareholder meeting to consider a Business Combination, you will be entitled to vote on a Business Combination when it is submitted to shareholders and will retain the right to redeem your Public Shares for cash in connection with a Business Combination or liquidation.

Q: Will how I vote affect my ability to exercise Redemption rights?

A: No. You may exercise your Redemption rights whether or not you are a holder of Public Shares on the Record Date (so long as you are a holder at the time of exercise), or whether you are a holder and vote your Public Shares of the Company on the Extension Amendment Proposal (for or against) or any other proposal described by this proxy statement. As a result, the Extension Amendment can be approved by shareholders who will redeem their Public Shares and no longer remain shareholders, leaving shareholders who choose not to redeem their Public Shares holding shares in a company with a potentially less liquid trading market, fewer shareholders, potentially less cash and the potential inability to meet the listing standards of Nasdaq.

Q: May I change my vote after I have mailed my signed proxy card?

A: Yes. Shareholders may send a later-dated, signed proxy card to the Company's Chief Financial Officer at Level 19, Tower 2, 1 Raffles Place, Singapore, so that it is received by the Company not later than 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 15, 2024 or attend the Shareholder Meeting in person (which would include presence in person and at the virtual Shareholder Meeting) and vote. Shareholders also may revoke their proxy by sending a notice of revocation to the Company's Chief Financial Officer, which must be received by the Company's Chief Financial Officer not later than 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 15, 2024. However, if your shares are held in "street name" by your broker, bank or another nominee, you must contact your broker, bank or other nominee to change your vote.

Q: How are votes counted?

A: Votes will be counted by the inspector of election appointed for the Shareholder Meeting, who will separately count "FOR" and "AGAINST" votes, "ABSTAIN" and broker non-votes. The approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal requires a special resolution under the Articles, being the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of the votes cast by the holders of Ordinary Shares, voting as a single class, who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting. The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal requires the affirmative vote of at least 65% of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class and is being passed as a special resolution requiring two thirds of the total votes of the holders of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class. The approval of the Adjournment Proposal requires an ordinary resolution under Cayman Islands law, being the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the votes cast by the holders of the issued Ordinary Shares who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting.

Shareholders who attend the Shareholder Meeting, either in person or by proxy (or, if a corporation or other non-natural person, by sending their duly authorized representative or proxy), will be counted (and the number of Ordinary Shares held by such shareholders will be counted) for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the Shareholder Meeting. The presence, in person or by proxy or by duly authorized representative, at the Shareholder Meeting of the holders of one-third all issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares entitled to vote at the Shareholder Meeting shall constitute a quorum for the Shareholder Meeting.

At the Shareholder Meeting, only those votes which are actually cast, either "FOR" or "AGAINST," the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal or the Adjournment Proposal, will be counted for the purposes of determining whether the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal or the Adjournment Proposal (as the case may be) are approved, and any Ordinary Shares which are not voted at the Shareholder Meeting will have no effect on the outcome of such votes.

Abstentions and broker non-votes will be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum but, as a matter of Cayman Islands law, will not constitute votes cast at the Shareholder Meeting and therefore will have no effect on the approval of each of the proposals as a matter of Cayman Islands law.

Q: If my shares are held in "street name," will my broker, bank or nominee automatically vote my shares for me?

A: If your shares are held in "street name" in a stock brokerage account or by a broker, bank or other nominee, you must provide the record holder of your shares with instructions on how to vote your shares. Please follow the voting instructions provided by your broker, bank or other nominee. Please note that you may not vote shares held in "street name" by returning a proxy card directly to the Company or by voting online at the Shareholder Meeting unless you provide a "legal proxy," which you must obtain from your broker, bank or other nominee.

Under Nasdaq rules, brokers who hold shares in "street name" for a beneficial owner of those shares typically have the authority to vote in their discretion on "routine" proposals when they have not received instructions from beneficial owners. However, brokers are not permitted to exercise their voting discretion with respect to the approval of matters that are determined to be "non-routine" without specific instructions from the beneficial owner. It is expected that all proposals to be voted on at the Shareholder Meeting are "non-routine" matters and therefore, the Company does not expect there to be any broker non-votes at the Shareholder Meeting.

If you are a shareholder of the Company holding your shares in "street name" and you do not instruct your broker, bank or other nominee on how to vote your shares, your broker, bank or other nominee will not vote your shares on the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal or the Adjournment Proposal. Accordingly, your bank, broker or other nominee can vote your shares at the Shareholder Meeting only if you provide instructions on how to vote. You should instruct your broker to vote your shares as soon as possible in accordance with directions you provide.

Q: Does the Board recommend voting "FOR" the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal?

A: Yes. After careful consideration of the terms and conditions of each of the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board recommends that the Company's shareholders vote "FOR" the Extension Amendment Proposal, "FOR" the Trust Amendment Proposal and "FOR" the Adjournment Proposal.

Q: What interests do the Company's directors and officers have in the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal?

A: The Company's directors and officers have interests in the Extension Amendment Proposal that may be different from, or in addition to, your interests as a shareholder. These interests include, among others, ownership, directly or indirectly through the Sponsor, of Class B Ordinary Shares and Private Placement Warrants. See the section entitled "Proposal No. 1—The Extension Amendment Proposal—Interests of the Sponsor and the Company's Directors and Officers" in this proxy statement.

Q: What interests do the Company's directors and officers have in the approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal?

A: The Company's directors and officers have interests in the Trust Amendment Proposal that may be different from, or in addition to, your interests as a shareholder. These interests include, among others, ownership, directly or indirectly through the Sponsor, of Class B Ordinary Shares and Private Placement Warrants. See the section entitled "Proposal No. 2—The Trust Amendment Proposal—Interests of the Sponsor and the Company's Directors and Officers" in this proxy statement.

Q: Are the proposals conditioned on one another?

A: The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal is conditioned on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, and unless the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved at the Shareholder Meeting, the Trust Amendment will not be implemented. If, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient votes from the holders of our shares to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, the Company may move to adjourn the Shareholder Meeting to such later date or dates to permit further solicitation and vote of proxies. In those events, at the Shareholder Meeting the Company will ask its shareholders to vote only upon the Adjournment Proposal and not on any other proposal. If the Extension Amendment Proposal and the Trust Amendment Proposal are approved at the extraordinary general meeting, the Adjournment Proposal will not be presented.

Q: Do I have appraisal rights or dissenters' rights if I object to the Extension Amendment Proposal?

A: No. There are no appraisal rights available to the Company's shareholders in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal. There are no dissenters' rights available to the Company's shareholders in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal under Cayman Islands law. However, you may elect to have your shares redeemed in connection with the adoption of the Extension Amendment Proposal as described under "How do I exercise my redemption rights?" below.

Q: If I am a Public Warrant holder, can I exercise redemption rights with respect to my Public Warrants?

A: No. The holders of Public Warrants have no redemption rights with respect to such Public Warrants.

Q: What do I need to do now?

A: You are urged to read carefully and consider the information contained in this proxy statement and to consider how the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal will affect you as a shareholder. You should then vote as soon as possible in accordance with the instructions provided in this proxy statement and on the enclosed proxy card or, if you hold your shares through a brokerage firm, bank or other nominee, on the voting instruction form provided by the broker, bank or nominee.

Q: How do I exercise my redemption rights?

A: If you are a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares and wish to exercise your right to redeem your Class A Ordinary Shares, you must:

I.(a) hold Class A Ordinary Shares or (b) hold Class A Ordinary Shares through Units and elect to separate your Units into the underlying Class A Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants prior to exercising your redemption rights with respect to the Class A Ordinary Shares; and

II.prior to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 11, 2024 (two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting) (a) submit a written request to the Transfer Agent that the Company redeem your Class A Ordinary Shares for cash and (b) tender or deliver your Class A Ordinary Share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms to the Transfer Agent, physically or electronically through the Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The address of the Transfer Agent is listed under the question "Who can help answer my questions?" below.

Holders of Units must elect to separate the underlying Class A Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants prior to exercising redemption rights with respect to the Class A Ordinary Shares. If holders hold their Units in an account at a brokerage firm or bank, holders must notify their broker or bank that they elect to separate the Units into the underlying Class A Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants, or if a holder holds Units registered in its own name, the holder must contact the Transfer Agent directly and instruct it to do so.

In connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal and contingent upon the effectiveness of the implementation of the Extension Amendment, any holder of Class A Ordinary Shares will be entitled to request that their Class A Ordinary Shares be redeemed for a per share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account calculated as of two business days prior to the Shareholder Meeting, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, *divided by* the number of then-outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares. As of March 25, 2024, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of this proxy statement, this would have amounted to approximately \$11.20 per Public Share. However, the proceeds deposited in the Trust Account could become subject to the claims of our creditors, if any, which could have priority over the claims of our public shareholders. Therefore, the per share distribution from the Trust Account in such a situation may be less than originally anticipated due to such claims. We anticipate that the funds to be distributed to public shareholders electing to redeem their Class A Ordinary Shares will be distributed promptly after the Shareholder Meeting.

Any request for redemption, once made by a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares, may be withdrawn at any time until the deadline for exercising redemption requests, and thereafter, with the consent of the Board. If you tender or deliver your share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms for redemption to the Transfer Agent and later decide prior to the Shareholder Meeting not to elect redemption, you may request that the Company instruct the Transfer Agent to revoke such redemption request (physically or electronically). You may make such request by contacting the Transfer Agent at the phone number or address listed at the end of this section. We will be required to honor such request only if made prior to the deadline for exercising redemption requests.

Any corrected or changed written exercise of redemption rights must be received by the Transfer Agent prior to the deadline for exercising redemption requests and, thereafter, with the consent of the Board. No request for redemption will be honored unless the holder's share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms have been tendered or delivered (either physically or electronically) to the Transfer Agent by 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 11, 2024 (two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting).

In connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal and contingent upon the effectiveness of the implementation of the Extension Amendment, if a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares properly makes a request for redemption and the Class A Ordinary Share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms are tendered or delivered as described above, then, the Company will redeem Class A Ordinary Shares for a pro rata portion of funds deposited in the Trust Account, calculated as of two business days prior to the Shareholder Meeting. If you are a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares and you exercise your redemption rights, it will not result in the loss of any Public Warrants that you may hold.

- Q: What are the U.S. federal income tax consequences of exercising my redemption rights?
- A: The U.S. federal income tax consequences of exercising your redemption rights will depend on your particular facts and circumstances. Accordingly, you are urged to consult your tax advisor to determine your tax consequences from the exercise of your redemption rights, including the applicability and effect of U.S. federal, state, local and non-U.S. income and other tax laws in light of your particular circumstances. For additional discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations with respect to the exercise of these redemption rights, see "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations for Shareholders Exercising Redemption Rights."
- Q: What should I do if I receive more than one set of voting materials for the Shareholder Meeting?
- A: You may receive more than one set of voting materials for the Shareholder Meeting, including multiple copies of this proxy statement and multiple proxy cards or voting instruction cards. For example, if you hold your shares in more than one brokerage account, you will receive a separate voting instruction card for each brokerage account in which you hold shares. If you are a holder of record and your shares are registered in more than one name, you will receive more than one proxy card. Please complete, sign, date and return each proxy card and voting instruction card that you receive in order to cast your vote with respect to all of your shares
- Q: Who will solicit and pay the cost of soliciting proxies for the Shareholder Meeting?
- A: The Company will pay the cost of soliciting proxies for the Shareholder Meeting. The Company has engaged Morrow Sodali LLC ("Morrow Sodali") to assist in the solicitation of proxies for the Shareholder Meeting. The Company will also reimburse banks, brokers and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries representing beneficial owners of Class A Ordinary Shares for their expenses in forwarding soliciting materials to beneficial owners of Class A Ordinary Shares and in obtaining voting instructions from those owners. The directors, officers and employees of the Company may also solicit proxies by telephone, by facsimile, by mail or on the Internet. They will not be paid any additional amounts for soliciting proxies.
- Q: Who can help answer my questions?
- A: If you have questions about the proposals or if you need additional copies of this proxy statement or the enclosed proxy card you should contact:

Morrow Sodali LLC 333 Ludlow Street, 5th Floor, South Tower Stamford, CT 06902 Individuals call (toll-free): (800) 662-5200 Banks and brokers call: (203) 658-9400 Email: GAQ@info.morrowsodali.com

You also may obtain additional information about the Company from documents filed with the SEC by following the instructions in the section titled "Where You Can Find More Information." If you are a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares and you intend to seek redemption of your shares, you will need to tender or deliver your Class A Ordinary Share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms (either physically or electronically) to the Transfer Agent at the address below prior to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 11, 2024 (two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting). If you have questions regarding the certification of your position, tendering or delivery of your redemption requests, please contact:

Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company One State Street Plaza, 30th Floor New York, New York 10004 Attn: SPAC Redemption Team E-mail: spacredemptions@continentalstock.com

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

This proxy statement is being provided to the Company's shareholders as part of a solicitation of proxies by the Board for use at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company's shareholders to be held on April 16, 2024, and at any adjournment thereof (the "Shareholder Meeting"). This proxy statement contains important information regarding the Shareholder Meeting, the proposals on which you are being asked to vote and information you may find useful in determining how to vote and voting procedures.

This proxy statement is being first mailed on or about March 29, 2024, to all shareholders of record of the Company as of March 25, 2024, the Record Date for the Shareholder Meeting. Shareholders of record who owned Ordinary Shares at the close of business on the Record Date are entitled to receive notice of, attend and vote at the Shareholder Meeting.

Date, Time and Place of Shareholder Meeting

The Shareholder Meeting will be held on April 16, 2024 at 9:00 a.m./p.m., Eastern Time, at Level 19, Tower 2, 1 Raffles Place, Singapore and virtually, at https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024, or at such other time, on such other date and at such other place to which the meeting may be adjourned.

Shareholders who hold their investments through a bank or broker will need to contact their bank or broker to receive a control number. If you plan to vote at the Shareholder Meeting you will need to have a legal proxy from your bank or broker, or if you would like to join and not vote, Continental will issue you a guest control number with proof of ownership. Either way you must contact for specific instructions on how to receive the control number. Continental can be contacted at 917-262-2373, or via email at proxy@continentalstock.com. Please allow up to 72 hours prior to the meeting for processing your control number.

The Proposals at the Shareholder Meeting

At the Shareholder Meeting, the Company's shareholders will consider and vote on the following proposals:

1. Proposal No. 1—The Extension Amendment Proposal—To amend, by way of special resolution, the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (the "Articles"), as provided by the first special resolution in the form set forth in Annex A to the accompanying proxy statement (the "Extension Amendment" and such proposal, the "Extension Amendment Proposal"), (a) to extend the date by which the Company must consummate an initial business combination (a "Business Combination") from July 23, 2024 (the "Current Deadline Date") up to July 23, 2025 (the "Extended Deadline Date"), (b) to reduce the amount of monthly extension payments which the Company's sponsor, Generation Asia LLC, a Cayman Islands limited liability company (the "Sponsor"), or its affiliates or designees, must deposit into the trust account of the Company established at the consummation of the Company's initial public offering (the "Trust Account') of the Company from the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share (as defined below) multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time for each one-month extension of the date by which the Company has to consummate a Business Combination, to an amount equal to \$35,000 for each one-month extension of the date by which the Company has to consummate a Business Combination (each such monthly extended date, an "Articles Extension Date," and the period from the consummation of the Company's initial public offering (the "IPO") until such Articles Extension Date, the "Combination Period"), which date may be extended by the Company pursuant to Article 49.7 of the Company's Articles up to twelve (12) times for an additional one month each time from the Current Deadline Date until the Extended Deadline Date, which is a period of time ending 42 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), unless the closing of a Business Combination shall have occurred prior thereto; provided that any such reduction of the monthly payments for each one month extension of the Combination Period shall become effective immediately upon approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal and shall apply to the next extension payment by the Company on or prior to April 23, 2024 and all payments thereafter until the Extended Deadline Date, and (c) to make certain other amendments to the Articles in the form annexed to Annex A of this proxy statement;

2. Proposal No. 2—The Trust Amendment Proposal—To amend, by way of special resolution, the Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of January 19, 2022 (as amended, amended or restated or otherwise modified from time to time, including by that certain Amendment to Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of July 14, 2023 and that certain Amendment No. 2 to Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of January 18, 2024, collectively, the "Trust Agreement"), by and between the Company and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as trustee ("Continental" or the "Trustee"), in the form set forth in Annex B to the accompanying proxy statement, by the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of the votes cast by the holders of the then outstanding Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 ("Class A Ordinary Shares") and Class B Ordinary Shares (together with the Class A Ordinary Shares, the "Ordinary Shares"), voting together as a single class, to, among other things, change the Current Deadline Date to the Articles Extension Date or the Extended Deadline Date, as the case may be, and amend other provisions of the Trust Agreement related thereto; and

3. Proposal No. 3—The Adjournment Proposal— To adjourn, by way of ordinary resolution, the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates, if necessary, (i) to permit further solicitation and vote of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares in the capital of the Company represented (either in person or by proxy) to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, or (ii) if the holders of Public Shares have elected to redeem an amount of shares in connection with the Extension Amendment such that the Company would not adhere to the continued listing requirements of The Nasdaq Global Market.

If the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment becomes effective, in the event that the Company has not consummated a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date, the Company may extend the Combination Period until the Extended Deadline Date, each such extension by one additional month at a time, up to twelve (12) times in total from the Current Deadline Date (which is a period of time ending 42 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), provided that the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, deposit into the Trust Account an amount equal to \$35,000 for each one-month extension on or prior to the applicable Articles Extension Date. In the event that the Board determines not to proceed with any extension prior to any next Articles Extension Date, which it may do in its sole discretion, the Board shall cause the Company to be liquidated and the Company shall take all actions necessary to liquidate the Company and prior to such liquidation each of the shares of the Class A Ordinary Shares issued as part of the units ("Units") sold in the IPO (the "Public Shares") shall be redeemed in accordance with the Articles.

After consultation with the Sponsor, the Company's management has reasons to believe that, if the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment is implemented, the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, will contribute \$35,000 to the Company for each one-month extension, as a non-interest bearing loan (each loan being referred to herein as a "Contribution," and the Sponsor, its affiliate or designee making such Contribution, a "Contributor") for the Company to deposit the funds into the Trust Account, and to extend the Combination Period for an additional one month period each time until the applicable Articles Extension Date, but in no event longer than the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be deposited in the Trust Account on or before the beginning of the additional extension period, with respect to the extension of the Combination Period to each Articles Extension Date. Prior to the date of this proxy statement, the Company has already deposited the aggregate of \$1,125,000 into the Trust Account to extend the Combination Period until April 23, 2024, and the remaining balance of all Contributions following the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal will be \$450,000 if the Combination Period is extended until the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be evidenced by a noninterest bearing, unsecured promissory note to the Contributor, will bear no interest and will be repayable by the Company to the Contributor upon the consummation of a Business Combination. The loans will be forgiven if the Company is unable to consummate a Business Combination within the Combination Period except to the extent of any funds held outside of the Trust Account. If the Company has consummated a Business Combination or announced its intention to wind up prior to the date by which any Contribution must be deposited into the Trust Account, any obligation to make Contributions will terminate. The Contributions are conditioned upon the implementation of the Extension Amendment Proposal. The Contributions will not occur if Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved, or the Extension Amendment is not implemented (although the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, may choose to make payments to extend in accordance with the current provisions in the Company's existing Articles). The Board (or its designees) will have the sole discretion whether to continue extending for additional calendar months until the Extended Deadline Date and if the Board determines not to continue extending for additional calendar months, the Sponsor's obligation to make Contributions will terminate.

The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal is conditioned on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, and unless the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved at the Shareholder Meeting, the Trust Amendment will not be implemented.

Voting Power; Record Date

As a shareholder of the Company, you have a right to vote on certain matters affecting the Company. The proposals that will be presented at the Shareholder Meeting and upon which you are being asked to vote are summarized above and fully set forth in this proxy statement. You will be entitled to vote or direct votes to be cast at the Shareholder Meeting if you owned Ordinary Shares at the close of business on March 25, 2024, which is the "Record Date" for the Shareholder Meeting. You are entitled to one vote for each Ordinary Share that you owned as of the close of business on the Record Date. If your shares are held in "street name" or are in a margin or similar account, you should contact your broker, bank or other nominee to ensure that votes related to the shares you beneficially own are properly counted. On the Record Date, there were 15,182,229 issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares, of which 7,699,729 Class A Ordinary Shares are held by the Company's public shareholders and 7,482,500 Class B Ordinary Shares are held by the Initial Shareholders.

Recommendation of the Board

THE BOARD UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT YOU VOTE "FOR" EACH OF THE PROPOSALS

Quorum

The presence (which would include presence in person and at the virtual Shareholder Meeting), in person or by proxy, of shareholders holding one-third of the Ordinary Shares at the Shareholder Meeting constitutes a quorum at the Shareholder Meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum. The Initial Shareholders, who own 49.3% of the issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares as of the Record Date (including the 2,000,000 Forward Purchase Shares, of which 1,200,000 Forward Purchase Shares have been transferred to the forward purchasers and 800,000 are held by the Sponsor), will count towards this quorum if present at the Shareholder Meeting. Of the Initial Shareholders, the Sponsor holding 31.98% of the issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares as of the Record Date will be present at the Shareholder Meeting and the shares held by it will count towards this quorum. However, we cannot guarantee that any other holders of Class B Ordinary Shares will be present at the Shareholder Meeting. As a result, as of the Record Date, in addition to the shares of the Sponsor, an additional 2,735,865 Ordinary Shares held by public shareholders would be required to be present at the Shareholder Meeting to achieve a quorum.

Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes

Abstentions and broker non-votes will be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum but, as a matter of Cayman Islands law, will not constitute votes cast at the Shareholder Meeting and therefore will have no effect on the approval of any of the proposals voted upon at the Shareholder Meeting.

Under Nasdaq rules, if a shareholder holds their shares in "street name" through a bank, broker or other nominee and the shareholder does not instruct their broker, bank or other nominee how to vote their shares on a proposal, the broker, bank or other nominee has the authority to vote the shares in its discretion on certain "routine" matters. However, banks, brokers and other nominees are not authorized to exercise their voting discretion on any "non-routine" matters. This can result in a "broker non-vote," which occurs on a proposal when (i) a bank, broker or other nominee has discretionary authority to vote on one or more "routine" proposals to be voted on at a meeting, (ii) there are one or more "non-routine" proposals to be voted on at the meeting for which the bank, broker or other nominee does not have authority to vote without instructions from the beneficial owner of the shares and (iii) the beneficial owner fails to provide the bank, broker or other nominee with voting instructions on a "non-routine" matter.

We believe that all of the proposals to be voted on at the Shareholder Meeting will be considered non-routine matters. As a result, if you hold your shares in "street name," your bank, brokerage firm or other nominee cannot vote your shares on any of the proposals to be voted on at the Shareholder Meeting without your instruction.

Because all of the proposals to be voted on at the Shareholder Meeting are "non-routine" matters, banks, brokers and other nominees will not have authority to vote on any proposals unless instructed, so the Company does not expect there to be any broker non-votes at the Shareholder Meeting.

Vote Required for Approval

The approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal requires a special resolution under the Articles, being the affirmative vote of at least two thirds of the votes cast by the holders of Ordinary Shares, voting as a single class, who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting.

The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal requires the affirmative vote of at least 65% of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class and is being passed as a special resolution requiring two thirds of the total votes of the holders of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class.

The approval of the Adjournment Proposal requires an ordinary resolution under Cayman Islands law, being the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the votes cast by the holders of the issued Ordinary Shares who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting.

The Sponsor intends to vote all of its Ordinary Shares in favor of the proposals being presented at the Shareholder Meeting. As of the date of this proxy statement, the Sponsor owns 31.98% of the issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares (including 800,000 Forward Purchase Shares).

The following table reflects the number of additional Public Shares required to approve each proposal:

	Number of Additional Public Shares Required to Approve Proposal		
Proposal	Approval Standard	If Only Quorum Is Present and All Present Shares Cast Votes	If All Shares Are Present and All Present Shares Cast Votes
Extension Amendment Proposal	Passed as a special resolution by the holders of at least two thirds of Ordinary Shares which are present at the Shareholder Meeting and entitled to vote and which Ordinary Shares are voted in favor of such special resolution at the Shareholder Meeting		
Trust Amendment Proposal	Passed as a special resolution by the holders of at least two thirds of the total votes of the holders of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class		
Adjournment Proposal	Majority of Ordinary Shares entitled to vote and voted at the Shareholder Meeting		

Voting Your Shares

If you were a holder of record of Ordinary Shares as of the close of business the Record Date for the Shareholder Meeting, you may vote with respect to the proposals in person or virtually at the Shareholder Meeting, or by completing, signing, dating and returning the enclosed proxy card in the postage-paid envelope provided. Your proxy card shows the number of Ordinary Shares that you own. If your shares are held in "street name" or are in a margin or similar account, you should contact your broker to ensure that votes related to the shares you beneficially own are properly counted.

There are two ways to vote your Ordinary Shares at the Shareholder Meeting:

Voting by Mail. By signing the proxy card and returning it in the enclosed prepaid and addressed envelope, you are authorizing the individuals named on the proxy card to vote your shares at the Shareholder Meeting in the manner you indicate. You are encouraged to sign and return the proxy card even if you plan to attend the Shareholder Meeting so that your shares will be voted if you are unable to attend the Shareholder Meeting. If you receive more than one proxy card, it is an indication that your shares are held in multiple accounts. Please sign and return all proxy cards to ensure that all of your shares are voted. Votes submitted by mail must be received by 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 15, 2024.

Voting Electronically. You may attend and vote at the Shareholder Meeting by visiting https://www.cstproxy.com/generationasiai/2024 and entering the control number found on your proxy card, voting instruction form or notice included in the proxy materials.

Revoking Your Proxy

If you give a proxy, you may revoke it at any time before the Shareholder Meeting or at the Shareholder Meeting by doing any one of the following:

- •you may send another proxy card with a later date;
- •you may notify the Company's Chief Financial Officer in writing to Level 19, Tower 2, 1 Raffles Place, Singapore, before the Shareholder Meeting that you have revoked your proxy; or
- •you may attend the Shareholder Meeting, revoke your proxy, and vote electronically, as indicated above.

No Additional Matters

The Shareholder Meeting has been called only to consider and vote on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Trust Amendment Proposal and the Adjournment Proposal. Under the Articles, other than procedural matters incident to the conduct of the Shareholder Meeting, no other matters may be considered at the Shareholder Meeting if they are not included in this proxy statement, which serves as the notice of the Shareholder Meeting.

Who Can Answer Your Questions about Voting

If you are a Company shareholder and have any questions about how to vote or direct a vote in respect of your Ordinary Shares, you may call Morrow Sodali, our proxy solicitor, by calling (800) 662-5200 (toll-free), or banks and brokers can call (203) 658-9400, or by emailing GAQ@info.morrowsodali.com.

Redemption Rights

Pursuant to the Articles, holders of Class A Ordinary Shares may seek to redeem their shares for cash, regardless of whether they vote for or against, or whether they abstain from voting on, the Extension Amendment Proposal. In connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal and contingent upon the effectiveness of the implementation of the Extension Amendment, any shareholder holding Class A Ordinary Shares may demand that the Company redeem such shares for a full pro rata portion of the Trust Account (which, for illustrative purposes, was \$11.20 per share as of March 25, 2024, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of this proxy statement), calculated as of two business days prior to the Shareholder Meeting. If a holder properly seeks redemption as described in this section, the Company will redeem these shares for a pro rata portion of funds deposited in the Trust Account and the holder will no longer own these shares following the Shareholder Meeting. However, the Company will not proceed with the Extension Amendment if the Company will not have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets following approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, after taking into account the Redemption.

In connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal and contingent upon the effectiveness of the implementation of the Extension Amendment, as a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares, you will be entitled to receive cash for any Class A Ordinary Shares to be redeemed only if you:

- (i)hold Class A Ordinary Shares;
- (ii)submit a written request to Continental, in which you (i) request that the Company redeem all or a portion of your Class A Ordinary Shares for cash, and (ii) identify yourself as the beneficial holder of the Class A Ordinary Shares and provide your legal name, phone number and address; and
- (iii)tender or deliver your Class A Ordinary Share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms to Continental physically or electronically through DTC.

Holders of Units must elect to separate the underlying Class A Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants prior to exercising redemption rights with respect to the Class A Ordinary Shares. If holders hold their Units in an account at a brokerage firm or bank, holders must notify their broker or bank that they elect to separate the Units into the underlying Class A Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants, or if a holder holds Units registered in its own name, the holder must contact the Transfer Agent directly and instruct it to do so.

Holders must complete the procedures for electing to redeem their Class A Ordinary Shares in the manner described above prior to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 11, 2024 (two business days before the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting) (the "Redemption Deadline") in order for their shares to be redeemed.

The redemption rights include the requirement that a holder must identify itself in writing as a beneficial holder and provide its legal name, phone number and address to Continental in order to validly redeem its shares.

If you hold your shares in "street name," you will have to coordinate with your broker to have your shares certificated or tendered/delivered electronically. Redemption requests for shares of the Company that have not been tendered (either physically or electronically) in accordance with these procedures will not be redeemed for cash. There is a nominal cost associated with this tendering process and the act of certificating the shares or tendering/delivering them through DTC's DWAC system. The Transfer Agent will typically charge the tendering broker \$100 and it would be up to the broker whether or not to pass this cost on to the redeeming shareholder.

Any request for redemption, once made by a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares, may not be withdrawn following the Redemption Deadline, unless the Board determines (in its sole discretion) to permit such withdrawal of a redemption request (which it may do in whole or in part).

Any corrected or changed written exercise of redemption rights must be received by Continental at least two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting. No request for redemption will be honored unless the holder's Class A Ordinary Share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms have been tendered or delivered (either physically or electronically) to Continental prior to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 11, 2024 (two business days before the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting).

The closing price of Class A Ordinary Shares on March 26, 2024, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of this proxy statement, was \$11.02 per share. The cash held in the Trust Account on such date was approximately \$86,243,906.76 (including interest not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes) (\$11.20 per Class A Ordinary Share). The Redemption price per share will be calculated based on the aggregate amount on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, as of two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting. Prior to exercising redemption rights, shareholders should verify the market price of Class A Ordinary Shares as they may receive higher proceeds from the sale of their Ordinary Shares in the public market than from exercising their redemption rights if the market price per share is higher than the redemption price. The Company cannot assure its shareholders that they will be able to sell their Class A Ordinary Shares in the open market, even if the market price per share is higher than the redemption price stated above, as there may not be sufficient liquidity in its securities when its shareholders wish to sell their shares.

If a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares exercises his, her or its redemption rights, then he, she or it will be exchanging his, her or its Class A Ordinary Shares for cash and will no longer own those shares which will be redeemed by the Company and cancelled. You will be entitled to receive cash for these shares only if you properly demand redemption by tendering or delivering your share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms (either physically or electronically) to Continental at least two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting.

For a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations for shareholders with respect to the exercise of these redemption rights, see "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations for Shareholders Exercising Redemption Rights." The consequences of a redemption to any particular shareholder will depend on that shareholder's particular facts and circumstances. Accordingly, you are urged to consult your tax advisor to determine your tax consequences from the exercise of your redemption rights, including the applicability and effect of U.S. federal, state, local and non-U.S. income and other tax laws in light of your particular circumstances.

Appraisal Rights and Dissenters' Rights

There are no appraisal rights available to the Company's shareholders in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal. There are no dissenters' rights available to the Company's shareholders in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal under Cayman Islands law. However, holders of Public Shares may elect to have their shares redeemed in connection with the adoption of the Extension Amendment Proposal, as described under "Redemption Rights" above.

Proxy Solicitation Costs

The Company is soliciting proxies on behalf of the Board. This proxy solicitation is being made by mail, but also may be made by telephone or in person. The Company has engaged Morrow Sodali to assist in the solicitation of proxies for the Shareholder Meeting. The Company and its directors, officers and employees may also solicit proxies in person. The Company will ask banks, brokers and other institutions, nominees and fiduciaries to forward this proxy statement and the related proxy materials to their principals and to obtain their authority to execute proxies and voting instructions.

The Company will bear the entire cost of the proxy solicitation, including the preparation, assembly, printing, mailing and distribution of this proxy statement and the related proxy materials. The Company will pay Morrow Sodali a fee of \$12,500, plus disbursements, reimburse Morrow Sodali for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and indemnify Morrow Sodali and its affiliates against certain claims, liabilities, losses, damages and expenses for its services as the Company's proxy solicitor. The Company will reimburse brokerage firms and other custodians for their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses for forwarding this proxy statement and the related proxy materials to the Company's shareholders. Directors, officers and employees of the Company who solicit proxies will not be paid any additional compensation for soliciting.

PROPOSAL NO. 1—THE EXTENSION AMENDMENT PROPOSAL

Overview

The Company is proposing to amend, by way of special resolution, its Articles to (a) extend the date by which the Company must (1) complete a Business Combination, (2) cease its operations except for the purpose of winding up if it fails to complete such Business Combination, and (3) redeem all of the Class A Ordinary Shares from the Current Deadline Date to the Extended Deadline Date, (b) reduce the amount of monthly extension payments which the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, must deposit into the Trust Account of the Company for each one-month extension of the Combination Period from the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time, to an amount equal to \$35,000 for each one-month extension of the date by which the Company has to consummate a Business Combination, so as to secure the extension of the Combination Period to the Extended Deadline Date, and (c) to make certain other amendments to the Articles in the form annexed to Annex A of this proxy statement.

The Company believes that it will not be able to complete a Business Combination without additional one-month extensions of the Combination Period up to the Extended Deadline Date, and, without the Extension Amendment, that it will not be able to secure the extension of the Combination Period beyond the Current Deadline Date. If that were to occur, the Company would be precluded from completing a Business Combination and would be forced to redeem the Public Shares and voluntarily liquidate.

As contemplated by the Articles, the holders of the Company's Public Shares may elect to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares in exchange for their pro rata portion of the funds held in the Trust Account if the Extension Amendment is implemented.

On March 25, 2024, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of the accompanying proxy statement, the redemption price per share was approximately \$11.20, based on the aggregate amount on deposit in the Trust Account of approximately \$86,243,906.76 as of March 25, 2024 (including interest not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes), *divided by* the total number of then outstanding Public Shares. The redemption price per share will be calculated based on the aggregate amount on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, as of two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting. The closing price of the Class A Ordinary Shares on the NYSE on March 26, 2024 was \$11.02. Accordingly, if the market price of the Class A Ordinary Shares were to remain the same until the date of the Shareholder Meeting, exercising redemption rights would result in a public shareholder receiving approximately \$0.18 more per share than if the shares were sold in the open market (based on the per share redemption price as of March 25, 2024). The Company cannot assure shareholders that they will be able to sell their Class A Ordinary Shares in the open market, even if the market price per share is lower than the redemption right enables its public shareholders to determine whether to sustain their investments for an additional period if the Company does not complete a Business Combination on or before the end date of the Combination Period.

Reasons for the Extension Amendment Proposal

The Company's existing Articles provide that the Company has until July 23, 2024 to complete a Business Combination. The Board has determined that in the current market conditions it is in the best interests of the Company to seek the approval of the Company's shareholders of the Extension Amendment Proposal to give the Company more time to complete a Business Combination and to reduce the amount of funds to be deposited in the Trust Account to secure the extension of the Combination Period up to the Extended Deadline Date. The Company believes that it will not be able to complete a Business Combination on or before the Current Deadline Date and, without the Extension Amendment, that it will not be able to secure the extension of the Combination Period beyond the Current Deadline Date. If that were to occur, the Company would be forced to liquidate.

The Extension Amendment Proposal is essential to reducing the amount of funds to be deposited in the Trust Account to secure the extension of the Combination Period to the Extended Deadline Date and giving the Company more time to complete a Business Combination. The approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal is a condition to the implementation of the Extension Amendment. The Company will not proceed with the Extension Amendment if the Company will not have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets following approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, after taking into account the Redemption.

If the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment becomes effective, in the event that the Company has not consummated a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date, the Company may extend the Combination Period until the Extended Deadline Date, each such extension by one additional month at a time, up to twelve (12) times in total from the Current Deadline Date (which is a period of time ending 42 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), provided that the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, deposit into the Trust Account an amount equal to \$35,000 for each one-month extension on or prior to the applicable Articles Extension Date. In the event that the Board determines not to proceed with any extension prior to any

next Articles Extension Date, which it may do in its sole discretion, the Board shall cause the Company to be liquidated and the Company shall take all actions necessary to liquidate the Company and prior to such liquidation each of the shares of the Class A Ordinary Shares issued as part of the units ("Units") sold in the IPO (the "Public Shares") shall be redeemed in accordance with the Articles.

For further information on risks associated with the approval of the Extension Amendment, please refer to "Risk Factors—There are no assurances that the Extension Amendment will enable us to complete a Business Combination."

If the Extension Amendment Proposal Is Not Approved

If the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved, the Company will have until the Current Deadline Date to complete a Business Combination subject to monthly extensions, and the amount to be deposited into the Trust Account by the Sponsor or its Affiliates or its designees for each one-month extension will remain equal to the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time, in exchange for a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note, for each additional month on or prior to the Current Deadline Date. If a Business Combination is not completed on or before the Current Deadline Date, the Company will: (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up; (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company (less taxes payable and up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then-outstanding Public Shares in issue, which redemption will completely extinguish public shareholders' rights as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any); and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining shareholders and the Board, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case of clauses (ii) and (iii) to the Company's obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and to requirements of other applicable law. There will be no distribution from the Trust Account with respect to the Company's warrants, which will expire worthless in the event the Company dissolves and liquidates the Trust Account.

The approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal is conditioned on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, and unless the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved at the Shareholder Meeting, the Trust Amendment will not be implemented.

The Initial Shareholders have waived their rights to participate in any liquidation distribution with respect to the 7,482,500 Class B Ordinary Shares held by them.

If the Extension Amendment Proposal Is Approved

If the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved, the Company shall procure that all filings required to be made with the Registrar of Companies of the Cayman Islands in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal to extend the time it has to complete a Business Combination until the Extended Deadline Date or Articles Extension Date, as applicable, and to reduce the amount of monthly extension payments which the Sponsor, or its Affiliates or its designees, must deposit in the Trust Account of the Company. The Company will then continue to attempt to consummate a Business Combination until the Extended Deadline Date and any Articles Extension Date (if applicable). The Company will remain a reporting company under the Exchange Act and its Class A Ordinary Shares will remain publicly traded during this time.

After consultation with the Sponsor, the Company's management has reasons to believe that, if the Extension Amendment Proposal is approved and the Extension Amendment is implemented, the Sponsor, or its affiliates or designees, will contribute \$35,000 to the Company for each one-month extension, as a non-interest bearing loan (each loan being referred to herein as a "Contribution," and the Sponsor, its affiliate or designee making such Contribution, a "Contributor") for the Company to deposit the funds into the Trust Account, and to extend the Combination Period for an additional one month period each time until the applicable Articles Extension Date, but in no event longer than the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be deposited in the Trust Account on or before the beginning of the additional extension period, with respect to the extension of the Combination Period to each Articles Extension Date. Prior to the date of this proxy statement, the Company has already deposited the aggregate of \$1,125,000 into the Trust Account to extend the Combination Period until April 23, 2024, 2024, and the remaining balance of all Contributions following the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal will be \$450,000 if the Combination Period is extended until the Extended Deadline Date. Each Contribution will be evidenced by a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note to the Contributor, will bear no interest and will be repayable by the Company to the Contributor upon the consummation of a Business Combination. The loans will be forgiven if the Company is unable to consummate a Business Combination within the Combination Period except to the extent of any funds held outside of the Trust Account. If the Company has consummated a Business Combination or announced its intention to wind up prior to the date by which any funds held outside of the Trust Account, any obligation to make Contributions will terminate. The Contributions are conditioned upon the implementation of the Extension Amendment Proposal. T

The Board (or its designees) will have the sole discretion whether to continue extending for additional calendar months until the Extended Deadline Date and if the Board determines not to continue extending for additional calendar months, the Sponsor's obligation to make Contributions will terminate.

For further information on risks associated with the approval of the Extension Amendment, please refer to "Risk Factors—There are no assurances that the Extension Amendment will enable us to complete a Business Combination."

In addition, the Company will not proceed with the Extension Amendment if the Company will not have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets following approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, after taking into account the Redemption.

Interests of the Sponsor and the Company's Directors and Officers

When you consider the recommendation of the Board, the Company's shareholders should be aware that aside from their interests as shareholders, the Sponsor and certain members of the Board and officers of the Company have interests that are different from, or in addition to, those of other shareholders generally. The Board was aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in recommending to the Company's shareholders that they approve the Extension Amendment Proposal. The Company's shareholders should take these interests into account in deciding whether to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal:

•the fact that the Sponsor paid \$7,397,000 for 7,397,000 Private Placement Warrants, each of which is exercisable (subject to certain exceptions) 30 days following the closing of a Business Combination for one Class A Ordinary Share at \$11.50 per share; if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved and we do not consummate a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date (if applicable), then the proceeds from the sale of the Company's Private Placement Warrants will be part of the liquidating distribution to the public shareholders and the Private Placement Warrants held by our Sponsor will be worthless;

•the fact that the Initial Shareholders, including the Sponsor (and certain of the Company's officers and directors who are members of the Sponsor), have invested in the Company an aggregate of \$7,404,000, comprised of the \$25,000 purchase price for 7,187,500 Class B Ordinary Shares and the \$7,379,000 purchase price for 7,379,000 Private Placement Warrants. Assuming a trading price of \$11.02 per Class A Ordinary Share (based upon the closing price of the Class A Ordinary Shares on the NYSE on March 26, 2024), the 7,482,500 Class B Ordinary Shares held by the Initial Shareholders would have an implied aggregate market value of \$82,457,150. Even if the trading price of the shares of Class A Ordinary Shares were as low as \$1.23 per share, the aggregate market value of the Class B Ordinary Shares alone (without taking into account the value of the Private Placement Warrants) would be approximately equal to the initial investment in the Company by the Initial Shareholders. As a result, if a Business Combination is completed, the Initial Shareholders are likely to be able to make a substantial profit on their investment in the Company at a time when the Class A Ordinary Shares have lost significant value. On the other hand, if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved and the Company liquidates without completing a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date (if applicable), the Initial Shareholders will lose their entire investment in the Company;

- •the fact that the Initial Shareholders have agreed not to redeem any Ordinary Shares held by them in connection with a shareholder vote to approve a Business Combination or the Extension Amendment Proposal;
- •the fact that the Initial Shareholders have agreed to waive their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to any Ordinary Shares (other than Public Shares) held by them if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved and the Company fails to complete a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date (if applicable);
- •the indemnification of the Company's existing directors and officers and the liability insurance maintained by the Company;
- •the fact that the Sponsor and the Company's officers and directors will lose their entire investment in the Company if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved and a Business Combination is not consummated by the Current Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date (if applicable); and
- •the fact that if the Trust Account is liquidated, including in the event the Company is unable to complete an initial Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Sponsor has agreed to indemnify the Company to ensure that the proceeds in the Trust Account are not reduced below \$10.10 per Public Share, or such lesser per Public Share amount as is in the Trust Account on the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, by the claims of prospective target businesses with which the Company has entered into an acquisition agreement or claims of any third party for services rendered or products sold to the Company, but only if such a vendor or target business has not executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the Trust Account.

Redemption Rights

Pursuant to the Articles, holders of Class A Ordinary Shares may seek to redeem their shares for cash, regardless of whether they vote for or against, or whether they abstain from voting on, the Extension Amendment Proposal. In connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal and contingent upon the effectiveness of the implementation of the Extension Amendment, any shareholder holding Class A Ordinary Shares may demand that the Company redeem such shares for a full pro rata portion of the Trust Account (which, for illustrative purposes, was \$11.20 per share as of March 25, 2024), calculated as of two business days prior to the Shareholder Meeting. If a holder properly seeks redemption as described in this section, the Company will redeem these shares for a pro rata portion of funds deposited in the Trust Account and the holder will no longer own these shares following the Shareholder Meeting. However, the Company will not proceed with the Extension Amendment if the Company will not have at least \$5,000,001 of net tangible assets following approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal, after taking into account the Redemption.

In connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal and contingent upon the effectiveness of the implementation of the Extension Amendment, as a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares, you will be entitled to receive cash for any Class A Ordinary Shares to be redeemed only if you:

(i)hold Class A Ordinary Shares;

(ii)submit a written request to Continental, in which you (i) request that the Company redeem all or a portion of your Class A Ordinary Share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms for cash, and (ii) identify yourself as the beneficial holder of the Class A Ordinary Shares and provide your legal name, phone number and address; and

(iii)deliver your Class A Ordinary Shares to Continental, physically or electronically through DTC.

Holders of Units must elect to separate the underlying Class A Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants prior to exercising redemption rights with respect to the Class A Ordinary Shares. If holders hold their Units in an account at a brokerage firm or bank, holders must notify their broker or bank that they elect to separate the Units into the underlying Class A Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants, or if a holder holds Units registered in its own name, the holder must contact the Transfer Agent directly and instruct it to do so.

Holders must complete the procedures for electing to redeem their Class A Ordinary Shares in the manner described above prior to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 25, 2024 (two business days before the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting) in order for their shares to be redeemed.

The redemption rights include the requirement that a holder must identify itself in writing as a beneficial holder and provide its legal name, phone number and address to Continental in order to validly redeem its shares.

If you hold the shares in "street name," you will have to coordinate with your broker to have your shares certificated or delivered electronically. Redemption requests for shares of the Company that have not been tendered (either physically or electronically) in accordance with these procedures will not be redeemed for cash. There is a nominal cost associated with this tendering process and the act of certificating the shares or tendering/delivering them through DTC's DWAC system. The Transfer Agent will typically charge the tendering broker \$100 and it would be up to the broker whether or not to pass this cost on to the redeeming shareholder.

Any request for redemption, once made by a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares, may not be withdrawn following the Redemption Deadline, unless the Board determines (in its sole discretion) to permit such withdrawal of a redemption request (which it may do in whole or in part).

Any corrected or changed written exercise of redemption rights must be received by Continental, at least two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting. No request for redemption will be honored unless the holder's Class A Ordinary Share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms have been tendered or delivered (either physically or electronically) to Continental, prior to 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on April 11, 2024 (two business days before the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting).

The closing price of Class A Ordinary Shares on March 26, 2024, the most recent practicable date prior to the date of this proxy statement, was \$11.02 per share. The cash held in the Trust Account on such date was approximately \$86,243,906.76 (including interest not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes) (\$11.20 per Class A Ordinary Share). The Redemption price per share will be calculated based on the aggregate amount on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, as of two business days prior to the Shareholder Meeting. Prior to exercising redemption rights, shareholders should verify the market price of Class A Ordinary Shares as they may receive higher proceeds from the sale of their Ordinary Shares in the public market than from exercising their redemption rights if the market price per share is higher than the redemption price. The Company cannot assure its shareholders that they will be able to sell their Class A Ordinary Shares in the open market, even if the market price per share is higher than the redemption price stated above, as there may not be sufficient liquidity in its securities when its shareholders wish to sell their shares.

If a holder of Class A Ordinary Shares exercises his, her or its redemption rights, then he, she or it will be exchanging its Class A Ordinary Shares for cash and will no longer own those shares which will be redeemed by the Company and cancelled. You will be entitled to receive cash for these shares only if you properly demand redemption by tendering/delivering your share certificates (if any) and other redemption forms (either physically or electronically) to Continental at least two business days prior to the initially scheduled date of the Shareholder Meeting.

Vote Required for Approval

The approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal requires a special resolution under the Articles, being the affirmative vote of at least 66.7% of the votes cast by the holders of Ordinary Shares, voting as a single class, who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum but, as a matter of Cayman Islands law, will not constitute votes cast at the Shareholder Meeting and therefore will have no effect on the approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal.

As of the date of this proxy statement, the Initial Shareholders have agreed to vote any Ordinary Shares owned by them in favor of the Extension Amendment Proposal. As of the date hereof, the Sponsor owns 31.98% of the issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares (including 800,000 Forward Purchase Shares). As a result, in addition to the Sponsor, approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal will require the affirmative vote of at least 5,266,236 Ordinary Shares held by public shareholders (or approximately 68.4% of the Class A Ordinary Shares) if all Ordinary Shares are represented at the Shareholder Meeting and cast votes, and will not require the affirmative vote of any Ordinary Shares held by public shareholders if only such shares as are required to establish a quorum are represented at the Shareholder Meeting and cast votes.

For further information on risks associated with the approval of the Extension Amendment, please refer to "Risk Factors—There are no assurances that the Extension Amendment will enable us to complete a Business Combination."

Resolution

The full text of the special resolution to be voted upon is as follows:

"RESOLVED, as a special resolution, that:

a)Article 49.7 of the Company's Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following new Article 49.7:

"If the Management anticipate that the Company may not be able to consummate a Business Combination within 18 months from the consummation of the IPO, the Management will, by way of a resolution of the Directors if requested by the Sponsor, extend the period of time to consummate a Business Combination by an additional one month up to twenty-four times (for a total of up to 42 months to consummate a Business Combination), subject to the Sponsor or its Affiliates or its designees depositing \$35,000 into the Trust Account, in exchange for a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note, for each additional month on or prior to the Current Deadline Date. In addition, the Company will issue a press release the day after the deadline, announcing whether the funds have been timely deposited. The Sponsor and its Affiliates or designees are obligated to fund the Trust Account in order to extend the time for the Company to consummate a Business Combination, but the Sponsor will not be obligated to extend such time. In the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 42 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7) or within the period of any extension made pursuant to Article 49.8, any such promissory notes will be repaid only from funds held outside of the Trust Account or will be forfeited, eliminated or otherwise forgiven."

b)Article 49.9 of the Company's Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following new Article 49.9:

"Deleted."

c)Article 49.10 of the Company's Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following new Article 49.10:

"In the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 42 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7) or within the period of any extension made pursuant to Article 49.8, the Company shall:

a)cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up;

b)as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-Share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company (less taxes payable and up to US\$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then Public Shares in issue, which redemption will completely extinguish public Members' rights as Members (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any); and

c)as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining Members and the Directors, liquidate and dissolve,

subject in each case to its obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and other requirements of Applicable Law."

d)Article 49.11 of the Company's Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following new Article 49.11:

"In the event that any amendment is made to the Articles:

a)to modify the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to allow redemption in connection with a Business Combination or redeem 100 per cent of the Public Shares if the Company does not consummate a Business Combination within 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 42 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7); or

b)with respect to any other provision relating to Members' rights or pre-Business Combination activity, each holder of Public Shares who is not the Sponsor, a Founder, Officer or Director shall be provided with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares upon the approval or effectiveness of any such amendment at a per-Share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares, provided that no such Member acting together with any Affiliate of his or any other person with whom he is acting in concert or as a partnership, limited partnership, syndicate, or other group for the purposes of acquiring, holding, or disposing of Shares may exercise this redemption right with respect to more than 15 per cent of the Public Shares in the aggregate without the prior consent of the Company and provided further that any beneficial holder of Public Shares on whose behalf a redemption right is being exercised must identify itself to the Company in connection with any redemption election in order to validly redeem such Public Shares. The Company's ability to provide such redemption in this Article is subject to the Redemption Limitation."

PROVIDED THAT this special resolution shall not be effective if as a consequence of redemptions submitted to the Company pursuant to Article 49.11 of the Articles the Company's net tangible assets would be less than US\$5,000,001."

Recommendation of the Board

THE BOARD UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THE COMPANY'S SHAREHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THE APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION AMENDMENT PROPOSAL.

PROPOSAL NO. 2—THE TRUST AMENDMENT PROPOSAL

Overview

Following the closing of the Company's IPO on January 24, 2022, followed by the partial exercise by the underwriters of the over-allotment option and concurrent sales of Private Placement Warrants, as of February 1, 2022, a total amount of \$221,493,000 was placed in the Trust Account. The Trust Account may be invested only in U.S. government treasury bills with a maturity of one hundred and eighty-five (185) days or less or in money market funds investing solely in United States Treasuries and meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, which invest only in direct U.S. government obligations.

However, to mitigate the risk of us being deemed to have been operating as an unregistered investment company under the Investment Company Act, in January 2024 prior to the 24-month anniversary of the effective date of the registration statement relating to our IPO, we instructed Continental as the trustee managing the Trust Account, to liquidate the U.S. government treasury obligations or money market funds held in the Trust Account and thereafter to maintain the funds in the Trust Account in cash in an interest-bearing demand deposit account at a bank until the earlier of the consummation of our initial Business Combination or the liquidation of our Company. On January 18, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment No. 2 to the Trust Agreement to provide that Continental may maintain the funds in the Trust Account in an interest-bearing bank demand deposit account, and we sent an Investment Instruction Letter to Continental, pursuant to which we instructed Continental to move the funds in the Trust Account to such a demand deposit account. We have been informed by Continental that the interest on such deposit account is currently approximately between 4.5% and 5.25% per annum, but such deposit account carries a variable rate and we cannot assure you that such rate will not decrease or increase significantly. However, interest previously earned on the funds held in the Trust Account still may be released to us to pay our taxes, if any, and certain other expenses as permitted. As a result, the liquidation of the securities held in the Trust Account and thereafter to hold all funds in the Trust Account in cash would reduce the dollar amount our public shareholders would receive upon any redemption or liquidation of the Company.

Reasons for the Trust Amendment Proposal

The Trust Agreement currently provides that Continental shall commence liquidation of the Trust Account only after and promptly after (x) its receipt of the applicable termination letter delivered by the Company in connection with either a closing of a Business Combination or the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles or (y) upon the date which is the later of (1) 18 months after the closing of the IPO (or up to 30 months after the closing of the IPO upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement) and (2) such later date as may be approved by the Company's shareholders in accordance with the Articles, if a termination letter delivered by the Company in connection with the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles has not been received by the Trustee prior to such date upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement.

If, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient votes from the holders of Ordinary Shares to approve the Trust Amendment Proposal, the Company may put the Adjournment Proposal to a vote in order to seek additional time to obtain sufficient votes in support of the Trust Amendment Proposal. If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved by the Company's shareholders, the Board may not be able to adjourn the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates in the event that there are insufficient votes from the holders of Ordinary Shares at the time of the Shareholder Meeting to approve the Trust Amendment Proposal.

If the Trust Amendment Proposal is not approved at the Shareholder Meeting or at any adjournment thereof or is not implemented, and a Business Combination is not completed on or before the Current Deadline Date, then as contemplated by and in accordance with the Trust Agreement, Continental shall commence liquidation of the Trust Account only and promptly (x) after its receipt of the applicable termination letter delivered by the Company in connection with the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles or (y) upon the date which is the later of (1) 18 months after the closing of the IPO (or up to 30 months after the closing of the IPO upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement) and (2) such later date as may be approved by the Company's shareholders in accordance with the Articles, if a termination letter delivered by the Company in connection with the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles has not been received by the Trustee prior to such date upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement.

If the Trust Amendment Proposal Is Not Approved

If, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient votes from the holders of Ordinary Shares to approve the Trust Amendment Proposal, the Company may put the Adjournment Proposal to a vote in order to seek additional time to obtain sufficient votes in support of the Trust Amendment Proposal. If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved by the Company's shareholders, the Board may not be able to adjourn the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates in the event that there are insufficient votes from the holders of Ordinary Shares at the time of the Shareholder Meeting to approve the Trust Amendment Proposal.

If the Trust Amendment Proposal is not approved at the Shareholder Meeting or at any adjournment thereof or is not implemented, and a Business Combination is not completed on or before the Current Deadline Date, then as contemplated by and in accordance with the Trust Agreement, Continental shall commence liquidation of the Trust Account only and promptly (x) after its receipt of the applicable instruction letter delivered by the Company in connection with the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles or (y) upon the date which is the later of (1) 18 months after the closing of the IPO (or up to 30 months after the closing of the IPO upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement) and (2) such later date as may be approved by the Company's shareholders in accordance with the Articles, if a termination letter delivered by the Company in connection with the Company's inability to effect a Business Combination within the time frame specified in the Articles has not been received by the Trustee prior to such date upon an extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement.

If the Trust Amendment Proposal Is Approved

If the Trust Amendment Proposal is approved, Continental shall commence liquidation of the Trust Account only upon the earlier of (1) the Company's completion of a Business Combination, (2) the Articles Extension Date, as may be extended from time to time, or (3) the Extended Deadline Date.

The proposed amendment to the Trust Agreement is attached to this Proxy Statement in the form set forth under Annex B.

Interests of the Sponsor and the Company's Directors and Officers

When you consider the recommendation of the Board, the Company's shareholders should be aware that aside from their interests as shareholders, the Sponsor and certain members of the Board and officers of the Company have interests that are different from, or in addition to, those of other shareholders generally. The Board was aware of and considered these interests, among other matters, in recommending to the Company's shareholders that they approve the Trust Amendment Proposal. The Company's shareholders should take these interests into account in deciding whether to approve the Trust Amendment Proposal:

•the fact that the Sponsor paid \$7,397,000 for 7,397,000 Private Placement Warrants, each of which is exercisable (subject to certain exceptions) 30 days following the closing of a Business Combination for one Class A Ordinary Share at \$11.50 per share; if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved and we do not consummate a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date (if applicable), then the proceeds from the sale of the Company's Private Placement Warrants will be part of the liquidating distribution to the public shareholders and the Private Placement Warrants held by our Sponsor will be worthless;

•the fact that the Initial Shareholders, including the Sponsor (and certain of the Company's officers and directors who are members of the Sponsor), have invested in the Company an aggregate of \$7,404,000, comprised of the \$25,000 purchase price for 7,187,500 Class B Ordinary Shares and the \$7,379,000 purchase price for 7,379,000 Private Placement Warrants. Assuming a trading price of \$11.02 per Class A Ordinary Share (based upon the closing price of the Class A Ordinary Shares on the NYSE on March 26, 2024), the 7,482,500 Class B Ordinary Shares held by the Initial Shareholders would have an implied aggregate market value of \$82,457,150. Even if the trading price of the shares of Class A Ordinary Shares were as low as \$1.23 per share, the aggregate market value of the Class B Ordinary Shares alone (without taking into account the value of the Private Placement Warrants) would be approximately equal to the initial investment in the Company by the Initial Shareholders. As a result, if a Business Combination is completed, the Initial Shareholders are likely to be able to make a substantial profit on their investment in the Company at a time when the Class A Ordinary Shares have lost significant value. On the other hand, if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved and the Company liquidates without completing a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date (if applicable), the Initial Shareholders will lose their entire investment in the Company;

•the fact that the Initial Shareholders have agreed not to redeem any Ordinary Shares held by them in connection with a shareholder vote to approve a Business Combination or the Extension Amendment Proposal;

- •the fact that the Initial Shareholders have agreed to waive their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to any Ordinary Shares (other than Public Shares) held by them if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved and the Company fails to complete a Business Combination by the Current Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date (if applicable);
- •the indemnification of the Company's existing directors and officers and the liability insurance maintained by the Company;
- •the fact that the Sponsor and the Company's officers and directors will lose their entire investment in the Company if the Extension Amendment Proposal is not approved and a Business Combination is not consummated by the Current Deadline Date or any Articles Extension Date (if applicable); and
- •the fact that if the Trust Account is liquidated, including in the event the Company is unable to complete an initial Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Sponsor has agreed to indemnify the Company to ensure that the proceeds in the Trust Account are not reduced below \$10.10 per Public Share, or such lesser per Public Share amount as is in the Trust Account on the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, by the claims of prospective target businesses with which the Company has entered into an acquisition agreement or claims of any third party for services rendered or products sold to the Company, but only if such a vendor or target business has not executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the Trust Account.

Vote Required for Approval

Approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal requires the affirmative vote of at least 65% of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class and is being passed as a special resolution requiring two thirds of the total votes of the holders of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares, voting together as a single class. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum but, as a matter of Cayman Islands law, will not constitute votes cast at the Shareholder Meeting and therefore will have no effect on the approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal and will have the effect of a vote "AGAINST" the Trust Amendment Proposal.

As of the date of this proxy statement, the Sponsor has agreed to vote any Ordinary Shares owned by it in favor of the Trust Amendment Proposal. As of the date hereof, the Sponsor owns 31.98% of the issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares (including 800,000 Forward Purchase Shares). As a result, in addition to the Sponsor, approval of the Trust Amendment Proposal will require the affirmative vote of at least 5,013,199 Ordinary Shares held by public shareholders (or approximately 65.1% of the Class A Ordinary Shares) if all Ordinary Shares are represented at the Shareholder Meeting and cast votes, and will not require the affirmative vote of any Ordinary Shares held by public shareholders if only such shares as are required to establish a quorum are represented at the Shareholder Meeting and cast votes.

Resolution

The full text of the special resolution to be voted upon is as follows:

"RESOLVED, as a special resolution, that conditional upon the effectiveness of the first special resolution to amend the Articles of the Company, as set forth in Annex A, the third amendment to the Investment Management Trust Agreement, dated January 19, 2022, by and between the Company and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, a New York corporation, as trustee, pursuant to an amendment to the Trust Agreement in the form set forth in Annex B, is hereby authorized and approved."

Recommendation of the Board

THE BOARD UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THE COMPANY'S SHAREHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THE APPROVAL OF THE TRUST AMENDMENT PROPOSAL.

PROPOSAL NO. 3—THE ADJOURNMENT PROPOSAL

Overview

The Adjournment Proposal asks shareholders to approve the adjournment of the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates if necessary, (i) to permit further solicitation and vote of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient votes to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, or (ii) if the holders of Public Shares have elected to redeem an amount of shares in connection with the Extension Amendment such that the Company would not adhere to the continued listing requirements of Nasdaq.

As of the date of this proxy statement, our Class A Ordinary Shares, Units and warrants to purchase Class A Ordinary Shares issued in connection with the IPO are listed on NYSE under the symbols "GAQ," "GAQ.U" and "GAQWS", respectively. On March 28, 2024, the Company filed Form 25 with the SEC informing the SEC and the NYSE of the delisting of the Company's securities from the NYSE, which form becomes effective within 10 days of filing. Concurrently, the Company filed new Form 8-A with the SEC with respect to its Class A Ordinary Shares which have been approved for listing on the Nasdaq Global Market ("Nasdaq") with the first trading day on April 8, 2024. The Units and warrants to purchase Class A Ordinary Shares will continue trading over-the-counter.

Consequences if the Adjournment Proposal Is Not Approved

If the Adjournment Proposal is not approved by the Company's shareholders, the Board may not be able to adjourn the Shareholder Meeting to a later date in the event, based on the tabulated votes, there are insufficient votes to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal or to allow public shareholders time to reverse their redemption requests in connection with the Extension Amendment. In such events, the Extension Amendment would not be implemented.

Vote Required for Approval

The approval of the Adjournment Proposal requires an ordinary resolution under Cayman Islands law, being the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the votes cast by the holders of the issued Ordinary Shares, voting as a single class, who are present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote thereon, and who vote thereon, at the Shareholder Meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be considered present for the purposes of establishing a quorum but, as a matter of Cayman Islands law, will not constitute votes cast at the Shareholder Meeting and therefore will have no effect on the approval of the Adjournment Proposal.

As of the date of this proxy statement, the Sponsor has agreed to vote any Ordinary Shares owned by it in favor of the Adjournment Proposal. As of the date hereof, the Sponsor owns 31.98% of the issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares (including 800,000 Forward Purchase Shares). As a result, in addition to the Sponsor, approval of the Adjournment Proposal will require the affirmative vote of at least 2,735,866 Ordinary Shares held by public shareholders (or approximately 35.5% of the Class A Ordinary Shares) if all Ordinary Shares are represented at the Shareholder Meeting and cast votes, and will not require the affirmative vote of any Ordinary Shares held by public shareholders if only such shares as are required to establish a quorum are represented at the Shareholder Meeting and cast votes.

Resolution

The full text of the ordinary resolution to be voted upon is as follows:

"RESOLVED, as an ordinary resolution, that the adjournment of the Shareholder Meeting to a later date or dates if necessary, (i) to permit further solicitation and vote of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the Shareholder Meeting, there are insufficient Class A Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Public Shares") and Class B Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, in the capital of the Company represented (either in person or by proxy) to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, or (ii) if the holders of Public Shares have elected to redeem an amount of shares in connection with the Extension Amendment such that the Company would not adhere to the continued listing requirements of The Nasdaq Global Market."

Recommendation of the Board

THE BOARD UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THE COMPANY'S SHAREHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THE APPROVAL OF THE ADJOURNMENT PROPOSAL.

CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS EXERCISING REDEMPTION RIGHTS

General

The following discussion summarizes certain United States federal income tax considerations generally applicable to a U.S. Holder (as defined below) that elects to have its Class A Ordinary Shares redeemed for cash pursuant to the exercise of a right to redemption in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal (a "Redeeming U.S. Holder").

This discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations applies to you only if you are a U.S. Holder and you hold Class A Ordinary Shares as capital assets under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). You are a "U.S. Holder" if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of our Class A Ordinary Shares and are:

- •an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- •a corporation (or other entity taxable as a corporation) organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia; or
- •an estate, the income of which is includible in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardless of its source; or
- •a trust if: (i) a court within the United States can exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust, and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust; or (ii) the trust has a valid election in place be treated as a U.S. person.

This summary does not address the U.S. federal income tax considerations with respect to holders other than U.S. Holders.

This discussion assumes that any distributions made (or deemed made) by us on our Class A Ordinary Shares and any consideration received (or deemed received) by you in consideration for the sale or other disposition of our Class A Ordinary Shares will be in U.S. dollars. This discussion is a summary only and does not consider all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to exercising a right to have your Class A Ordinary Shares redeemed in light of your particular circumstances, including if you are:

- •our Sponsor or founder (or an officer, director, employee, direct or indirect owner, or affiliate thereof);
- ·a financial institution;
- •a dealer or trader in securities that uses a mark-to-market method of tax accounting with respect to the Class A Ordinary Shares;
- ·a government or agency or instrumentality thereof;
- •a regulated investment company;
- ·a real estate investment trust;
- •an expatriate or former long-term resident of the United States;
- •an insurance company;
- •a person that actually or constructively owns five percent or more of our voting shares or five percent or more of the total value of our shares;
- •a person holding the Class A Ordinary Shares as part of a "straddle," integrated transaction or similar transaction;
- •a person holding our Class A Ordinary Shares in connection with a trade or business outside the United States;
- •a U.S. person whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar; or
- •a tax-exempt entity.

Moreover, the discussion below is based upon the provisions of the Code, the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder and administrative and judicial interpretations thereof, all as of the date hereof, which may be repealed, revoked, modified or subject to differing interpretations, possibly on a retroactive basis, so as to result in U.S. federal income tax consequences different from those discussed below. Furthermore, this discussion does not discuss the alternative minimum tax or the application of Section 451(b) of the Code, and does not address any aspect of U.S. federal non-income tax laws, such as gift, estate or Medicare contribution tax laws, or any state, local or non-U.S. tax laws.

We have not sought, and will not seek, a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") as to any U.S. federal income tax consequence described herein. The IRS may disagree with the discussion herein, and its determination may be upheld by a court. Moreover, there can be no assurance that future legislation, regulations, administrative rulings or court decisions will not adversely affect the accuracy of the statements in this discussion. You should consult your tax adviser with respect to the application of U.S. federal tax laws to your particular situation, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

This discussion does not consider the tax treatment of partnerships or other passthrough entities or persons who hold our Class A Ordinary Shares through those entities. If a partnership (or other entity or arrangement classified as a partnership or other passthrough entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes) is the beneficial owner of our Class A Ordinary Shares, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner or member in the partnership or other passthrough entity generally will depend on the status of the partner or member and the activities of the partnership or other passthrough entity. If you are a partnership or other passthrough entity holding our Class A Ordinary Shares, or a partner or member thereof, you should consult your own tax adviser.

THIS DISCUSSION IS ONLY A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE REDEMPTION OF OUR CLASS A ORDINARY SHARES IN CONNECTION WITH THE EXTENSION AMENDMENT PROPOSAL. YOU ARE URGED TO CONSULT YOUR TAX ADVISER WITH RESPECT TO THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO YOU OF THE REDEMPTION OF OUR CLASS A ORDINARY SHARES IN CONNECTION WITH THE EXTENSION AMENDMENT PROPOSAL, INCLUDING THE APPLICABILITY AND EFFECT OF ANY U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND NON-U.S. TAX LAWS.

Redemption of Class A Ordinary Shares

The following discussion is subject to the discussion under "—Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules" below.

In the event that your Class A Ordinary Shares are redeemed in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal (referred to herein as a "redemption"), the treatment of the redemption for U.S. federal income tax purposes will depend on whether the redemption qualifies as a sale of the Class A Ordinary Shares under Section 302 of the Code. If the redemption qualifies as a sale of Class A Ordinary Shares, you will be treated as described under "—Redemption Taxable as a Sale or Exchange" below. If the redemption does not qualify as a sale of Class A Ordinary Shares, you will be treated as receiving a corporate distribution with the tax consequences described below under "—Redemption Taxable as a Corporate Distribution." Whether a redemption qualifies for sale treatment will depend largely on the total number of our shares treated as owned by you (including any shares constructively owned by you) relative to all of our shares outstanding both before and after the redemption. The redemption of Class A Ordinary Shares generally will be treated as a sale of the Class A Ordinary Shares (rather than as a corporate distribution) if the redemption (i) is "substantially disproportionate" with respect to you, (ii) results in a "complete termination" of your interest in us or (iii) is "not essentially equivalent to a dividend" with respect to you. These tests are explained more fully below.

In determining whether any of the foregoing tests is satisfied, you must take into account not only our shares actually owned by you, but also our shares that are constructively owned by you. In addition to shares you own directly, you may be treated as constructively owning shares owned by certain related individuals and entities in which you have an interest or that have an interest in you, as well as any shares you have a right to acquire by exercise of an option, which likely would include Class A Ordinary Shares which could be acquired pursuant to the exercise of Public Warrants. In order to meet the substantially disproportionate test, the percentage of our outstanding voting shares actually and constructively owned by you immediately following the redemption of Class A Ordinary Shares must, among other requirements, be less than 80% of the percentage of our outstanding voting shares actually and constructively owned by you immediately before the redemption. Prior to our initial Business Combination, the Class A Ordinary Shares may not be treated as voting shares for this purpose and, consequently, this substantially disproportionate test may not be applicable. There will be a complete termination of your interest if either (i) all of our shares actually and constructively owned by you are redeemed or (ii) all of our shares actually owned by you are redeemed and you are eligible to waive, and effectively waive in accordance with specific rules, the attribution of shares owned by certain family members and you do not constructively own any other shares of ours. The redemption of the Class A Ordinary Shares will not be essentially equivalent to a dividend if the redemption or purchase results in a "meaningful reduction" of your proportionate interest in us will depend on the particular facts and circumstances. However, the IRS has indicated in a published ruling that even a small reduction in the proportionate interest of a small minority shareholder in a publicly held corporation who exercises no control o

If none of the foregoing tests is satisfied, then the redemption will be treated as a corporate distribution and the tax consequences of the redemption will be as described under "—Redemption Taxable as a Corporate Distribution" below. After the application of those rules, any remaining tax basis in the redeemed Class A Ordinary Shares will be added to your adjusted tax basis in your remaining shares. If there are no remaining shares, you should consult your tax adviser as to the allocation of any remaining basis.

Redemption Taxable as a Sale or Exchange

The following discussion is subject to the discussion under "-Passive Foreign Investment Company" below.

In the event that the redemption of your Class A Ordinary Shares is treated as a sale or other taxable disposition, you generally will recognize capital gain or loss, which generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if your holding period for the Class A Ordinary Shares exceeds one year. Long-term capital gains recognized by non-corporate Redeeming U.S. Holders are eligible to be taxed at reduced rates. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Generally, the amount of gain or loss you recognize will equal the difference between (i) the sum of the amount of cash received in connection with the redemption and (ii) your adjusted tax basis in the Class A Ordinary Shares redeemed. Your adjusted tax basis in your Class A Ordinary Shares generally will equal your acquisition cost (which in the case of an acquisition of Units comprising of Class A Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants will be the portion of the purchase price allocated to the relevant Class A Ordinary Shares), decreased by any prior distributions (including deemed distributions) treated as returns of capital. The gain or loss will generally be U.S.-source gain or loss for foreign tax credit purposes.

Redemption Taxable as a Corporate Distribution

The following discussion is subject to the discussion under "-Passive Foreign Investment Company" below.

In the event that the redemption of the Class A Ordinary Shares is treated as a corporate distribution, you generally will be required to include in gross income as a dividend the amount of any cash paid for our Class A Ordinary Shares to the extent the distribution is paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles). To the extent the distribution is in excess of earnings and profits, it generally will be applied against, and reduce, your tax basis in your Class A Ordinary Shares (but not below zero), and any remaining excess will be treated as gain from the sale or exchange of the Class A Ordinary Shares. However, it is possible that financial intermediaries may report the entire amount of the distribution as a dividend if they cannot determine the amount of our earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If you are a corporate Redeeming U.S. Holder, the amount treated as a dividend paid by us will be taxable to you at regular rates and will not be eligible for the dividends-received deduction generally allowed to domestic corporations in respect of dividends received from other domestic corporations. As described in "—*Passive Foreign Investment Company*" below, we believe that we were likely a PFIC for our taxable year ended December 31, 2022 and therefore, we believe that any amount treated as a dividend paid by us to a non-corporate Redeeming U.S. Holder will not be eligible for the lower long-term capital gains rate that applies to qualified dividend income.

Passive Foreign Investment Company

A non-U.S. corporation will be a PFIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes if either (i) at least 75% of its gross income in a taxable year, including its *pro rata* share of the gross income of any corporation in which it is considered to own at least 25% of the shares by value, is passive income or (ii) at least 50% of its assets in a taxable year (ordinarily determined based on fair market value and averaged quarterly over the year), including its pro rata share of the assets of any corporation in which it is considered to own at least 25% of the shares by value, are held for the production of, or produce, passive income. Passive income generally includes, among other things, dividends, interest, rents and royalties (other than rents or royalties derived from the active conduct of a trade or business) and gains from the disposition of assets giving rise to passive income. Cash is generally treated as a passive asset for these purposes.

Because we are a blank check company with no current active business, based upon the composition of our income and assets, and upon a review of its financial statements, we believes that it likely is classified as a PFIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes for our taxable year ended December 31, 2022, and will continue to be treated as a PFIC until we no longer satisfy the PFIC tests (although, as stated below, in general the PFIC rules would continue to apply to any Redeeming U.S. Holder who held our securities at any time we were considered a PFIC). In addition, even if our Business Combination is completed during our current taxable year, it is possible that we will be a PFIC for our current taxable year, depending on the timing and structure of the Business Combination and the nature and value of the income and assets of the company with which we combine, the details of which are currently unknown.

If we are determined to be a PFIC for any taxable year (or portion thereof) that is included in the holding period of a Redeeming U.S. Holder of our Class A Ordinary Shares and the Redeeming U.S. Holder did not make either a timely "qualified electing fund" ("QEF") election for our first taxable year as a PFIC in which the Redeeming U.S. Holder held (or was deemed to hold) Class A Ordinary Shares or a timely "mark to market" election, in each case as described below, such holder generally will be subject to special rules with respect to:

•any gain recognized by the Redeeming U.S. Holder on the sale or other disposition of its Class A Ordinary Shares (which would include the redemption, if such redemption is treated as a sale under the rules discussed under the heading "—Redemption Taxable as a Sale or Exchange," above); and

•any "excess distribution" made to the Redeeming U.S. Holder (generally, any distributions to such Redeeming U.S. Holder during a taxable year of the Redeeming U.S. Holder that are greater than 125% of the average annual distributions received by such Redeeming U.S. Holder in respect of the Class A Ordinary Shares during the three preceding taxable years of such Redeeming U.S. Holder or, if shorter, such Redeeming U.S. Holder's holding period for the shares), which may include the redemption to the extent such redemption is treated as a distribution under the rules discussed under the heading "— *Redemption Taxable as a Corporate Distribution*," above.

Under these rules:

•the Redeeming U.S. Holder's gain or excess distribution will be allocated ratably over the Redeeming U.S. Holder's holding period for the Class A Ordinary Shares;

•the amount allocated to the Redeeming U.S. Holder's taxable year in which the Redeeming U.S. Holder recognized the gain or received the excess distribution, or to the period in of such holder's holding period before the first day of our first taxable year in which we are a PFIC, will be taxed as ordinary income; and

•the amount allocated to other taxable years (or portions thereof) of the Redeeming U.S. Holder and included in such holder's holding period will be taxed at the highest tax rate in effect for that year and applicable to the Redeeming U.S. Holder (without regard to other items of income and loss for such year), and an additional amount equal to the interest charge generally applicable to underpayments of tax will be imposed with respect to the tax attributable to each such other taxable year.

In general, if we are determined to be a PFIC, a Redeeming U.S. Holder may avoid the PFIC tax consequences described above in respect to our Class A Ordinary Shares by making a timely QEF election (if eligible to do so) to include in income its pro rata share of our net capital gains (as long-term capital gain) and other earnings and profits (as ordinary income), on a current basis, in each case whether or not distributed, in the taxable year of the Redeeming U.S. Holder in which or with which our taxable year ends. In general, a QEF election must be made on or before the due date (including extensions) for filing such Redeeming U.S. Holder's tax return for the taxable year for which the election relates. A Redeeming U.S. Holder may make a separate election to defer the payment of taxes on undistributed income inclusions under the QEF rules, but if deferred, any such taxes will be subject to an interest charge.

The QEF election is made on a shareholder-by-shareholder basis and, once made, can be revoked only with the consent of the IRS. A Redeeming U.S. Holder generally makes a QEF election by attaching a completed IRS Form 8621 (Return by a Shareholder of a Passive Foreign Investment Company or Qualified Electing Fund), including the information provided in a PFIC annual information statement, to a timely filed U.S. federal income tax return for the tax year to which the election relates. Retroactive QEF elections generally may be made only by filing a protective statement with such return and if certain other conditions are met or with the consent of the IRS. Redeeming U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the availability and tax consequences of a retroactive QEF election under their particular circumstances.

A Redeeming U.S. Holder's ability to make a QEF Election with respect to us is contingent upon, among other things, the provision by Pathfinder of a "PFIC Annual Information Statement" to such Redeeming U.S. Holder. Upon written request, we will endeavor to provide to a Redeeming U.S. Holder such information as the IRS may require, including a PFIC Annual Information Statement, in order to enable the Redeeming U.S. Holder to make and maintain a QEF Election. There is no assurance, however, that we would timely provide such required information.

If a Redeeming U.S. Holder has made a QEF election with respect to our Class A Ordinary Shares, and the special tax and interest charge rules do not apply to such shares, any gain recognized on the sale of our shares generally will be taxable as capital gain and no interest charge will be imposed. As discussed above, Redeeming U.S. Holders of a QEF are currently taxed on their pro rata shares of its earnings and profits, whether or not distributed. In such case, a subsequent distribution of such earnings and profits that were previously included in income generally should not be taxable as a dividend to such Redeeming U.S. Holders. The tax basis of a Redeeming U.S. Holder's shares in a QEF will be increased by amounts that are included in income, and decreased by amounts distributed but not taxed as dividends, under the above rules. Similar basis adjustments apply to property if by reason of holding such property the Redeeming U.S. Holder is treated under the applicable attribution rules as owning shares in a QEF.

A determination that we are a PFIC for any particular year will generally apply for subsequent years to a Redeeming U.S. Holder who held Class A Ordinary Shares while we were a PFIC, whether or not we meet the test for PFIC status in those subsequent years. A Redeeming U.S. Holder who makes the QEF election discussed above for our first taxable year as a PFIC in which the Redeeming U.S. Holder holds (or is deemed to hold) our Class A Ordinary Shares and receives the requisite PFIC annual information statement, however, will not be subject to the PFIC tax and interest charge rules discussed above in respect to such shares. In addition, such Redeeming U.S. Holder will not be subject to the QEF inclusion regime with respect to such shares for any taxable year of us that ends within or with a taxable year of the Redeeming U.S. Holder and in which we are not a PFIC. On the other hand, if the QEF election is not effective for each of our taxable years in which we are a PFIC and the Redeeming U.S. Holder holds Class A Ordinary Shares, the PFIC rules discussed above will continue to apply to such shares unless the holder makes a purging election, as described above, and pays the tax and interest charge with respect to the gain inherent in such shares attributable to the pre-QEF election period.

The application of the PFIC rules is extremely complex. Shareholders who are considering participating in the redemption and/or selling, transferring or otherwise disposing of their shares or warrants should consult with their tax advisors concerning the application of the PFIC rules (including whether a QEF election, a mark-to-market election, or any other election is available and the consequences to them of any such election) in their particular circumstances.

Tax Reporting and Backup Withholding

Proceeds from the redemption of our Class A Ordinary Shares may be subject to information reporting to the IRS and possible U.S. backup withholding. Backup withholding will not apply, however, if you furnish a correct taxpayer identification number and make other required certifications, or are otherwise exempt from backup withholding and establish your exempt status.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Amounts withheld as backup withholding may be credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, and you generally may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules by timely filing the appropriate claim for refund with the IRS and furnishing any required information.

The U.S. federal income tax discussion set forth above is included for general information only and may not be applicable depending upon your particular situation. You should consult your tax adviser with respect to the tax consequences of the redemption of our Class A Ordinary Shares in connection with the Extension Amendment Proposal, including the tax consequences under state, local, estate, non-U.S. and other laws and tax treaties and the possible effects of changes in U.S. or other tax laws

BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY AND CERTAIN INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY

References in this section to "we," "our" or "us" refer to the Generation Asia I Acquisition Limited.

The Company is a blank check company incorporated on March 3, 2021 as a Cayman Islands exempted company and formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses. The Company has not engaged in any operations nor generated any revenue to date. Based on its business activities, the Company is a "shell company" as defined under the Exchange Act because the Company has no operations and nominal assets consisting almost entirely of cash. For additional information, see the information set forth under the caption "Item 1. Business" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, as filed with the SEC on March 24, 2023.

BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

The following table sets forth information regarding the beneficial ownership of the Company's Ordinary Shares as of March 25, 2024, based on information obtained from the persons named below, with respect to the beneficial ownership of the Company's Ordinary Shares, by:

- •each person known by the Company to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's issued and outstanding Ordinary Shares;
- •each of the Company's executive officers and directors; and
- •all the Company's executive officers and directors as a group.

Unless otherwise indicated, we believe that all persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all of our Ordinary Shares beneficially owned by them.

In the following table, percentage ownership is based on 15,182,229 Ordinary Shares, consisting of (i) 7,699,729 Class A Ordinary Shares and (ii) 7,482,500 Class B Ordinary Shares, issued and outstanding as of March 25, 2024. Voting power represents the combined voting power of shares of Class A Ordinary Shares and shares of Class B Ordinary Shares owned beneficially by such person. On all matters to be voted upon, the holders of the shares of Class A Ordinary Shares and shares of Class B Ordinary Shares vote together as a single class. Currently, all of the shares of Class B Ordinary Shares are convertible into Class A Ordinary Shares on a one-for-one basis, as further described below. Beneficial ownership is determined according to the rules of the SEC, which generally provide that a person has beneficial ownership of a security if such person possesses sole or shared voting or investment power over that security, including options and warrants that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days. The following table does not include the Class A Ordinary Shares underlying the Private Placement Warrants as these warrants are not exercisable until after the Business Combination is completed.

	Class A Or	Class A Ordinary Shares		Class B Ordinary Shares		
Name and Address of Beneficial Owner ⁽¹⁾	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Approximate Percentage of Outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares ⁽⁵⁾	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned ⁽²⁾	Approximate Percentage of Outstanding Class B Ordinary Shares ⁽⁶⁾		
Generation Asia LLC (our Sponsor) ⁽³⁾	_	_	4,855,250	64.9 %		
Roy Kuan ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	_	_	4,855,250	64.9 %		
Norimitsu Niwa ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	_	_		
Catherine Kwok ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	_	_		
Gary Chan ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	_	_		
SungHwan Cho ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	_	_		
Mei Gao ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	_	_		
All officers and directors as a group (6 individuals)	_	_	4,855,250	64.9 %		

(1)Unless otherwise noted, the business address of each of the following individuals and entities is Boundary Hall, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman, KY1-1102, Cayman Islands. (2)Interests shown consist solely of founder shares, classified as Class B Ordinary Shares. Such shares will automatically convert into Class A Ordinary Shares concurrently with or immediately following the consummation of our Business Combination on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment, as described in the section of the prospectus dated January 19, 2022 entitled "Description of Securities." Excludes forward purchase shares that will only be issued, if at all, at the time of our Business Combination. (3)Generation Asia LLC, our Sponsor, is the record holder of such shares. The managing member of our Sponsor (the "Managing Member") is Roy Kuan. The Managing Member may be deemed to have beneficial ownership of the shares. Mr. Kuan disclaims beneficial ownership of the securities reported above, except to the extent of his pecuniary interest therein.

(4)Each of these individuals hold a direct or indirect interest in our Sponsor. Each such person disclaims any beneficial ownership of the reported shares other than to the extent of any pecuniary interest they may have therein, directly or indirectly.

(5)The percentages reported in the above table are based on 7,699,729 Class A Ordinary Shares issued and outstanding as of March 25, 2024, and exclude the 8,000,000 Class A Ordinary Shares to be sold pursuant to the forward purchase agreements.

(6)The percentages reported in the above table are based on 7,482,500 Class B Ordinary Shares issued and outstanding as of March 25, 2024.

FUTURE SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

If the Extension Amendment Proposal and the Trust Amendment Proposal are approved, we anticipate that we will hold another extraordinary general meeting before the end date of the Combination Period or Articles Extension Date (if applicable) to consider and vote upon approval of a business combination agreement and a Business Combination. If any of the proposals are not approved, or if they are approved but, we do not consummate a Business Combination before the end date of the Combination Period or Articles Extension Date (if applicable), the Company will liquidate and dissolve.

HOUSEHOLDING INFORMATION

Unless the Company has received contrary instructions, the Company may send a single copy of this proxy statement to any household at which two or more shareholders reside if the Company believes the shareholders are members of the same family. This process, known as "householding," reduces the volume of duplicate information received at any one household and helps to reduce the Company's expenses. However, if shareholders prefer to receive multiple sets of the Company's disclosure documents at the same address this year or in future years, the shareholders should follow the instructions described below. Similarly, if an address is shared with another shareholder and together both of the shareholders would like to receive only a single set of the Company's disclosure documents, the shareholders should follow these instructions:

•If the shares are registered in the name of the shareholder, the shareholder should contact us at our offices at Boundary Hall, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman, KY1-1102, Cayman Islands, to inform us of his or her request; or

•If a bank, broker or other nominee holds the shares, the shareholder should contact the bank, broker or other nominee directly.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

The Company files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. The SEC maintains an Internet web site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers, including us, that file electronically with the SEC. The public can obtain any documents that we file electronically with the SEC at http://www.sec.gov.

This proxy statement is available without charge to shareholders of the Company upon written or oral request. If you would like additional copies of this proxy statement or if you have questions about the proposals to be presented at the Shareholder Meeting, you should contact the Company in writing at Boundary Hall, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman, KY1-1102, Cayman Islands.

If you have questions about the proposals or this proxy statement, would like additional copies of this proxy statement, or need to obtain proxy cards or other information related to the proxy solicitation, please contact Morrow Sodali, the proxy solicitor for the Company, by calling (800) 662-5200 (toll-free), or banks and brokers can call (203) 658-9400, or by emailing GAQ@info.morrowsodali.com. You will not be charged for any of the documents that you request.

In order to receive timely delivery of the documents in advance of the Shareholder Meeting, you must make your request for information no later than five business days before the date of the Shareholder Meeting, or no later than April 9, 2024.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF GENERATION ASIA I ACQUISITION LIMITED (the "Company")

RESOLUTIONS OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY:

RESOLVED, as a special resolution THAT, effective immediately, the Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company be amended

(a)amending Article 49.7 by deleting the following:

by:

"If the Management anticipate that the Company may not be able to consummate a Business Combination within 18 months from the consummation of the IPO, the Management will, by way of a resolution of the Directors if requested by the Sponsor, extend the period of time to consummate a Business Combination by an additional one month up to 12 times (for a total of up to 30 months to consummate a Business Combination), subject to the Sponsor or its Affiliates or its designees depositing into the Trust Account an amount equal to the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time, in exchange for a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note, for each additional month on or prior to the date of the deadline. In addition, the Company will issue a press release the day after the deadline, announcing whether the funds have been timely deposited. The Sponsor and its Affiliates or designees are obligated to fund the Trust Account in order to extend the time for the Company to consummate a Business Combination, but the Sponsor will not be obligated to extend such time. In the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 30 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7 or Article 49.9) or within the period of any extension made pursuant to Article 49.8, any such promissory notes will be repaid only from funds held outside of the Trust Account or will be forfeited, eliminated or otherwise forgiven."

And replacing it with the following:

"If the Management anticipate that the Company may not be able to consummate a Business Combination within 18 months from the consummation of the IPO, the Management will, by way of a resolution of the Directors if requested by the Sponsor, extend the period of time to consummate a Business Combination by an additional one month up to 24 times (for a total of up to 42 months to consummate a Business Combination), subject to the Sponsor or its Affiliates or its designees depositing \$35,000 into the Trust Account, in exchange for a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note, for each additional month on or prior to the date of the deadline. In addition, the Company will issue a press release the day after the deadline, announcing whether the funds have been timely deposited. The Sponsor and its Affiliates or designees are obligated to fund the Trust Account in order to extend the time for the Company to consummate a Business Combination, but the Sponsor will not be obligated to extend such time. In the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 42 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7) or within the period of any extension made pursuant to Article 49.8, any such promissory notes will be repaid only from funds held outside of the Trust Account or will be forfeited, eliminated or otherwise forgiven."

(b)and amending Article 49.9 by deleting the following:

"If the Company enters into a definitive agreement regarding the Company's initial Business Combination within 18 months from the consummation of the IPO, the Company will, by resolution of the Directors if requested by the Sponsor, extend the time available for the Company by an additional three months (for a total of 21 months to consummate a Business Combination) without depositing any additional fund into the Trust Account, and in connection with such extension, the holders of the Public Shares will not be offered the opportunity to vote or redeem their Shares. If the Company cannot consummate such initial Business Combination within 21 months from the consummation of the IPO, the Management will, by way of a resolution of the Directors if requested by the Sponsor, extend the period of time to consummate a Business Combination by an additional one month up to 9 times (for a total of up to 30 months to consummate a Business Combination), subject to the Sponsor or its Affiliates or its designees depositing into the Trust Account an amount equal to the lesser of (x) \$125,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share multiplied by the number of Public Shares outstanding at that time, in exchange for a non-interest bearing, unsecured promissory note, for each additional month on or prior to the date of the deadline. In addition, the Company will issue a press release the day after the deadline, announcing whether the funds have been timely deposited. The Sponsor and its Affiliates or designees are obligated to fund the Trust Account in order to extend such time for the Company to

consummate a Business Combination, but the Sponsor will not be obligated to extend such time. In the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 30 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7 or Article 49.9) or within the period of any extension made pursuant to Article 49.8, any such promissory notes will be repaid only from funds held outside of the Trust Account or will be forfeited, eliminated or otherwise forgiven."

and replacing it with the following:

"Deleted."

(c)amending Article 49.10 by deleting the following:

"In the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 30 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7 or Article 49.9) or within the period of any extension made pursuant to Article 49.8, the Company shall:

(a)cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up;

(b)as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-Share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company (less taxes payable and up to US\$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then Public Shares in issue, which redemption will completely extinguish public Members' rights as Members (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any); and

(c)as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining Members and the Directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case to its obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and other requirements of Applicable Law.

And replacing it with the following:

"In the event that the Company does not consummate a Business Combination by 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 42 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7) or within the period of any extension made pursuant to Article 49.8, the Company shall:

(a)cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up;

(b)as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-Share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company (less taxes payable and up to US\$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then Public Shares in issue, which redemption will completely extinguish public Members' rights as Members (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any); and

(c)as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining Members and the Directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case to its obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and other requirements of Applicable Law."

(d)amending Article 49.11 by deleting the following:

"In the event that any amendment is made to the Articles:

(a)to modify the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to allow redemption in connection with a Business Combination or redeem 100 per cent of the Public Shares if the Company does not consummate a Business Combination within 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 30 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7 or Article 49.9); or

(b)with respect to any other provision relating to Members' rights or pre-Business Combination activity, each holder of Public Shares who is not the Sponsor, a Founder, Officer or Director shall be provided with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares upon the approval or effectiveness of any such amendment at a per-Share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares, provided that no such Member acting together with any Affiliate of his or any other person with whom he is acting in concert or as a partnership, limited partnership, syndicate, or other group for the purposes of acquiring, holding, or disposing of Shares may exercise this redemption right with respect to more than 15 per cent of the Public Shares in the aggregate

without the prior consent of the Company and provided further that any beneficial holder of Public Shares on whose behalf a redemption right is being exercised must identify itself to the Company in connection with any redemption election in order to validly redeem such Public Shares. The Company's ability to provide such redemption in this Article is subject to the Redemption Limitation."

and replacing it with the following:

"In the event that any amendment is made to the Articles:

(a)to modify the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to allow redemption in connection with a Business Combination or redeem 100 per cent of the Public Shares if the Company does not consummate a Business Combination within 18 months from the consummation of the IPO (or up to 42 months from the consummation of the IPO if an extension has been made pursuant to Article 49.7); or

(b)with respect to any other provision relating to Members' rights or pre-Business Combination activity, each holder of Public Shares who is not the Sponsor, a Founder, Officer or Director shall be provided with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares upon the approval or effectiveness of any such amendment at a per-Share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares, provided that no such Member acting together with any Affiliate of his or any other person with whom he is acting in concert or as a partnership, limited partnership, syndicate, or other group for the purposes of acquiring, holding, or disposing of Shares may exercise this redemption right with respect to more than 15 per cent of the Public Shares in the aggregate without the prior consent of the Company and provided further that any beneficial holder of Public Shares on whose behalf a redemption right is being exercised must identify itself to the Company in connection with any redemption election in order to validly redeem such Public Shares. The Company's ability to provide such redemption in this Article is subject to the Redemption Limitation."

PROVIDED THAT this special resolution shall not be effective if as a consequence of redemptions submitted to the Company pursuant to Article 49.11 of the Articles the Company's net tangible assets would be less than US\$5,000,001.

FORM OF AMENDMENT No. 3 TO INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT TRUST AGREEMENT

This AMENDMENT No. 3 TO INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT TRUST AGREEMENT (this "Amendment Agreement"), dated as of , 2024, is made by and between Generation Asia I Acquisition Limited, a Cayman Islands exempted company (the "Company"), and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, a New York corporation (the "Trustee"), and amends that certain Investment Management Trust Agreement, effective as of January 19, 2022 (as amended, amended or restated or otherwise modified from time to time, including by that certain Amendment to Investment Management Trust Agreement dated as of July 14, 2023 and that certain Amendment No. 2 to Investment Management Trust Agreement ated as of July 14, 2023 and that certain Amendment No. 2 to Investment Management Trust Agreement ated as of July 14, 2023 and that certain Amendment No. 2 to Investment Management Trust Agreement ated as of July 14, 2023 and that certain Amendment No. 2 to Investment Management Trust Agreement ated as of July 14, 2023 and that certain Amendment No. 2 to Investment Management Trust Agreement are as a significant of the Trust Agreement and the Trustee. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Amendment Agreement have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Trust Agreement.

WHEREAS, following the closing of the Company's initial public offering of 21,930,000 units, including the subsequent exercise in part of the underwriters' overallotment option (the "*Offering*"), and concurrent sales of an aggregate of 7,379,000 private placement warrants, which includes the additional private sale conducted in connection with the subsequent exercise in part of the underwriters' over-allotment option, to Generation Asia LLC (the "*Private Placement Warrants*"), as of February 1, 2022, a total of \$221,493,000 of the net proceeds from the Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants was placed in the Trust Account;

WHEREAS, Section 1(i) of the Trust Agreement provides that the Trustee is to liquidate the Trust Account and distribute the Property in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the invested funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes (less up to \$100,000 of interest that may be released to the Company to pay dissolution expenses), only after and promptly after (x) receipt of, and only in accordance with, the terms of a Termination Letter in a form substantially similar to that attached to the Trust Agreement as Exhibit A or Exhibit B, as applicable, or (y) the later of (1) 18 months after the closing of the Offering (or up to 42 months after the closing of the Offering if an Extension has been effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement) and (2) such later date as may be approved by the Company's shareholders in accordance with the Articles, if a Termination Letter has not been received by the Trustee prior to such date upon an Extension effectuated pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement:

WHEREAS, Section 6(c) of the Trust Agreement provides that Section 6(i) of the Trust Agreement may only be amended by a writing signed by each of the Company and the Trustee with the affirmative vote of 65% of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares of the Company, voting together as a single class:

WHEREAS, at a meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on or about the date hereof (the "Meeting"), at least 65% of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares of the Company, voting together as a single class, have voted to approve this Amendment Agreement; and

WHEREAS, each of the Company and the Trustee desires to amend the Trust Agreement as provided herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual agreements contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, and intending to be legally bound hereby, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Amendment to the Trust Agreement.

- (a) Effective as of the execution hereof, the sixth recital of the Trust Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
 - "WHEREAS, if the Company does not consummate its initial Business Combination within the Initial Period, the Sponsor may extend the time to consummate the Company's initial Business Combination up to 24 times, each by a one-month period, up to a maximum of 42 months in the aggregate from the closing of the Offering (including the 18 months in the Initial Period), by depositing \$35,000 into the Trust Account no later than the 18th month anniversary of the Offering, or any month thereafter through to the 42nd month anniversary of the Offering (each, a "Deadline"), for each monthly extension (each, an "Extension"); and"
- (b) Effective as of the execution hereof, the seventh recital of the Trust Agreement is hereby deleted in its entirety.
- (c) Effective as of the execution hereof, Section 1(i) of the Trust Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
 - "(i) Commence liquidation of the Trust Account only after and promptly after (x) receipt of, and only in accordance with, the terms of a letter from the Company ("Termination Letter") in a form substantially similar to that attached hereto as either Exhibit A or Exhibit B, as applicable, signed on behalf of the Company by its Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer,

Chief Financial Officer or other authorized officer of the Company, and complete the liquidation of the Trust Account and distribute the Property in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes (which interest shall be net of taxes payable and less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), only as directed in the Termination Letter and the other documents referred to therein, or (y) upon the date which is the later of (1) an Applicable Deadline, unless such Applicable Deadline is extended to the next Applicable Deadline in accordance with the Company delivering the Extension Letter (as defined below) to the Trustee pursuant to Section 1(m) below, in which case it will be the next Applicable Deadline or the 42th month anniversary of the Offering, as applicable, and (2) such later date as may be approved by the Company's shreholders in accordance with the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association, if a Termination Letter has not been received by the Trustee prior to such date, in which case the Trust Account shall be liquidated in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Termination Letter attached as Exhibit B and the Property in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes (which interest shall be net of taxes payable and less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), shall be distributed to the Public Shareholders of record as of such date. It is acknowledged and agreed that there should be no reduction in the principal amount per share initially deposited in the Trust Account;"

2. No Further Amendment. The parties hereto agree that except as provided in this Amendment Agreement, the Trust Agreement shall continue unmodified, in full force and effect and constitute legal and binding obligations of all parties thereto in accordance with its terms. This Amendment Agreement forms an integral and inseparable part of the Trust Agreement.

3. References.

- (a) All references to the "*Trust Agreement*" (including "hereof," "herein," "hereunder," "hereby" and "this Agreement") in the Trust Agreement shall refer to the Trust Agreement as amended by this Amendment Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, references to the date of the Trust Agreement (as amended hereby), and references in the Trust Agreement to "the date hereof," "the date of this Trust Agreement" and terms of similar import shall in all instances continue to refer to January 19, 2022.
- (b) All references to the "amended and restated memorandum and articles of association" in the Trust Agreement (as amended by this Amendment Agreement) and terms of similar import shall mean the amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company, as amended on or about the date hereof.
- 4. Governing Law; Jurisdiction. This Amendment Agreement shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to conflicts of law principles that would result in the application of the substantive laws of another jurisdiction. The parties hereto consent to the jurisdiction and venue of any state or federal court located in the City of New York, State of New York, for purposes of resolving any disputes hereunder. AS TO ANY CLAIM, CROSS-CLAIM OR COUNTERCLAIM IN ANY WAY RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, EACH PARTY WAIVES THE RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY.
- 5. Counterparts. This Amendment Agreement may be executed in several original or facsimile counterparts, each one of which shall constitute an original, and together shall constitute but one instrument. Counterparts may be delivered via facsimile, electronic mail (including any electronic signature covered by the U.S. federal ESIGN Act of 2000, Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, the Electronic Signatures and Records Act or other applicable law, e.g., www.docusign.com) or other transmission method and any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.
- **6. Other Miscellaneous Terms**. The provisions of Sections 6(c), 6(g) and 6(i) of the Trust Agreement shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to this Amendment Agreement, as if set forth in full herein.

[Signature Pages Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have duly executed this Amendment Agreement as of the date first written above.

	CONTINENTAL STOCK TRANSFER & TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee
	By:
	Name:
	Title:
	GENERATION ASIA I ACQUISITION LIMITED
	By:
	Name:
	Title:
B-3	

PROXY CARD

P R O X	G	eneration Asia I Acquisition Limited Boundary Hall, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman, KY1-1102, Cayman Islands				
Y		RAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING CRATION ASIA I ACQUISITION LIMITED				
C A R		YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT				
D	FOR THE	S SOLICITED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD ON , 2024				
		TING AND THE ACCOMPANYING PROXY STATE LEVEL 19, TOWER 2, 1 RAFFLES PLACE, SINGAP				
Meeting") and accompanying Proxy to be held at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Time, and hereby appoints Roy Kuan and C substitution to each, to vote all Ordin any adjournments thereof, with all the each of them is, instructed to vote or THIS PROXY, WHEN EXECUTE VOTED "FOR" PROPOSALS 1, 2	Statement, dated March 29, 2024, on April 16, 2024, at Level 19, The Catherine Kwok, and each of them ary Shares of the Company registe e powers the undersigned would hact as follows on the proposals set ED, WILL BE VOTED IN THE MAND 3. Idability of Proxy Materials for the available at Level 19, Tower 2,	s, hereby acknowledges receipt of the Notice of Extraordin in connection with the Shareholder Meeting of Generatio ower 2, 1 Raffles Place, Singapore, and virtually, at https: (with full power to act alone), the attorneys-in-fact and prered in the name provided, which the undersigned is entitle ave if personally present. Without limiting the general aut forth in the accompanying Proxy Statement. MANNER DIRECTED HEREIN. IF NO DIRECTION Shareholder Meeting to be held on April 16, 2024: This N 1 Raffles Place, Singapore. to be marked, dated and signed on reverse side)	n Asia I Acquis//www.cstprox oxies of the und to vote at the norization here	sition Limited (the y.com/generation dersigned, with pe e Shareholder Me by given, said pro	e "Company") asiai/2024, ower of eting, and at oxies are, and	
Please mark indicated in thi		⊠ RECO	MMENDS A	OARD OF DIRECTORS IMENDS A VOTE "FOR" DPOSALS 1, 2 AND 3		
restated memorandum and articles of Annex A to the accompanying proxy Proposal"), (a) to extend the date by Combination") from July 23, 2024 (reduce the amount of monthly extens liability company (the "Sponsor"), o the consummation of the Company's or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share (as defimonth extension of the date by which	Fassociation (the "Articles"), as prestatement (the "Extension Amen which the Company must consum (the "Current Deadline Date") upon payments which the Company rits affiliates or designees, must desinitial public offering (the "Trust intel below) multiplied by the number the Company has to consummate by which the Company has to consummate the statement of the "Trust" of the company has to consummate the statement of the company has to consummate the company has the company has to consummate the company has the company	I, by way of special resolution, the Company's amended as revided by the first special resolution in the form set forth dment" and such proposal, the "Extension Amendment mate an initial business combination (a "Business to to July 23, 2025 (the "Extended Deadline Date"), (b) to sponsor, Generation Asia LLC, a Cayman Islands limit deposit into the trust account of the Company established at Account") of the Company from the lesser of (x) \$125,00 ber of Public Shares outstanding at that time for each one-te a Business Combination, to an amount equal to \$35,000 insummate a Business Combination (each such monthly	ed t 00	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	

Articles up to twelve (12) times for Date, which is a period of time end Combination shall have occurred p extension of the Combination Perioshall apply to the next extension pa	which date may be extended by the Company pursuant to Article 49.7 of the Company's ran additional one month each time from the Current Deadline Date until the Extended Deadline ling 42 months from the consummation of the Company's IPO), unless the closing of a Business where the consummation of the monthly payments for each one month and shall become effective immediately upon approval of the Extension Amendment Proposal and anyment by the Company on or prior to April 23, 2024 and all payments thereafter until the parameter amendments to the Articles in the form annexed to Annex A of this proxy			
Agreement dated as of January 19, that certain Amendment to Investm Agreement"), by and between the & Trust Company, as trustee ("Con affirmative vote of at least two thir Ordinary Shares, voting together as	endment Proposal: To amend, by way of special resolution, the Investment Management Trust 2022 (as amended, amended or restated or otherwise modified from time to time, including by nent Management Trust Agreement dated as of July 14, 2023, collectively, the "Trust Company and Continental Stock Transfer ntinental"), in the form set forth in Annex B to the accompanying proxy statement, by the ds of the votes cast of the holders of the then outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B is a single class, to, among other things, change the Current Deadline Date to the Articles and the Case may be, and amend other provisions of the Trust Agreement related	FOR	AGAINST □	ABSTAIN
date or dates, if necessary, (i) to pe Shareholder Meeting, there are instrepresented (either in person or by if the holders of Public Shares have	nent Proposal: To adjourn, by way of ordinary resolution, the Shareholder Meeting to a later rmit further solicitation and vote of proxies if, based upon the tabulated vote at the time of the ufficient Class A Ordinary Shares and Class B Ordinary Shares in the capital of the Company proxy) to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal or the Trust Amendment Proposal, or (ii) e elected to redeem an amount of shares in connection with the Extension Amendment such that the continued listing requirements of The Nasdaq Global Market.	FOR	AGAINST □	ABSTAIN
Date:	, 2024			
Shareholder's Signature				
Shareholder's Signature (if held join	intly)			

Date," and the period from the consummation of the Company's initial public offering (the "IPO") until such Articles Extension

Signature should agree with name printed hereon. If shares are held in the name of more than one person, EACH joint owner should sign. Executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, and attorneys should indicate the capacity in which they sign. Attorneys should also submit powers of attorney.

PLEASE SIGN, DATE AND RETURN THE PROXY IN THE ENVELOPE ENCLOSED TO CONTINENTAL STOCK TRANSFER & TRUST COMPANY. THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED IN THE MANNER DIRECTED HEREIN BY THE UNDERSIGNED SHAREHOLDER. IF NO DIRECTION IS MADE, THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED "FOR" PROPOSALS 1, 2 AND 3, AND WILL GRANT DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY TO VOTE UPON SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE MEETING OR ANY ADJOURNMENTS THEREOF. THIS PROXY WILL REVOKE ALL PRIOR PROXIES SIGNED BY YOU.